STATE OF CALIFORNIA

OFFICE OF STATEWIDE HEALTH PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

HOSPITAL ANNUAL FINANCIAL DATA

SELECTED DATA FILE DOCUMENTATION

For Report Periods Ended

On and After June 30, 2004

Effective with report periods ended <u>on and after</u> June 30, 2004, the Office's Hospital Annual Financial Disclosure Report was amended. To accommodate this change, the Office revised its Selected Hospital Annual Financial Data File by adding six fields and removing two fields. This means that certain data elements in the revised selected data file are not comparable with the pre-June 30, 2004 data files.

Note: The data file covering report periods ended in 2004 includes 13 reports whose report period ended before June 30, 2004. Comparable data were used, if available, to match the revised data file.

If you need assistance in reconciling the two data files, please contact our Healthcare Information Resource Center at (916) 322-2814.

HOSPITAL ANNUAL FINANCIAL DATA

SELECTED DATA FILE

DOCUMENTATION

For Reports Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Table of Contents

<u>Cross-References for Hospital Annual Financial Selected Data File</u>

Pages 1-16

 This file is a cross-reference between the data items included in the data file and the page-column-line references on the OSHPD Hospital Annual Disclosure Report, the source of most of the data items.

Annual Data File Labels

Pages 1-7

 For each Data Item, this file indicates the spreadsheet Column Reference and Column Label. New data items are indicated.

(HAFD_Labels_0604.xls

OSHPD Glossary of Definitions for Hospital Financial Data Items

Pages 1-15

 This file lists the data items with a complete definition of each data item.

HAFD0604_Glossary.xls

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File

For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

This document is a cross-reference between the data items included in the data file, and the page-column-line references on the OSHPD Hospital Annual Disclosure Report, the source of most of the data items.

The first two columns reference the abbreviated data field name, which also appears as the column label, and the related full descriptive name. The third column shows the source of the data, which is usually the page-column-line reference from the Hospital Annual Disclosure Report.

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

When using this cross-reference, please note the following abbreviations and symbols that are being used:

| Р | Page number | Χ | Multiply |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------|---|
| С | Column number | ÷ | Divide |
| L | Line number | = | Equals |
| + | Add | Σ | Sum of |
| - | Subtract (spaces before/after sign) | - | Through (no spaces before/after hyphen) |
| | | | |

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Disclosure Report Information

| FAC NO | OSHPD Facility Number | P0 C1 L2 |
|--------|-----------------------|----------|
|--------|-----------------------|----------|

FAC NAME Facility DBA Name OSHPD Master Hospital Information

BEG_DATE Report Period Begin Date P0 C1 L36

END_DATE Report Period End Date P0 C1 L37

DAY_PER Days in Report Period (P0 C1 L37 - P0 C1 L36) + 1

DATA IND Data Status Indicator Enter "Audited" (default)

Enter "In Process" if coded "I' on bible.

AUDIT_IND Independent Audit Indicator If P0 C1 L41 = 1 or Y, enter "Incl. Ind. Audit Adj."

If P0 C1 L41 = 2 or N, enter "Excl. Ind. Audit Adj."

If P0 C1 L41 = blank, do not print.

General Hospital Information

COUNTY County Name Based on 4th and 5th digit of OSHPD Facility Number

HSA HSA Number P0 C1 L20

HFPA HFPA Number OSHPD Master Hospital Information

TYPE CNTRL Type of Control If P1 C2 L5, 10 or 15 = 1, enter "Non-Profit"

If P1 C2 L20, 25 or 30 = 1, enter "Investor"

If P1 C2 L35 = 1, enter "State"

If P1 C2 L40, 45 or 50 = 1, enter "Government"

If P1 C2 L55 = 1, enter "District"

TYPE_CARE Type of Care If P1 C3 L5 or 25 = 1, enter "General"

If P1 C3 L10 or 30 = 1, enter "Childrens"
If P1 C3 L15 or 35 = 1, enter "Psychiatric"

If P1 C3 L20 or 40 = 1, enter "Specialty"

TYPE HOSP Type of Hospital These six categories are similar to those used in

publications, and will be manually coded:

If code is "C", enter "Comparable"
If code is "K", enter "Kaiser"
If code is "S", enter "State"
If code is "P", enter "PHF"

If code is "L", enter "LTC Emphasis"

If code is "O", enter "Other Non-Comparable"

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

General Hospital Information (Con't)

| TEACH_RURL | Teaching or Small/Rural Hospital | Teaching hospitals designated by OSHPD Rural hospitals based on H&S Code Sec. 124840 |
|------------|--|--|
| PHONE | Phone Number | P09 C1 L4 |
| ADDRESS | Street Address | P0 C1 L8 |
| CITY | City | P0 C1 L9 |
| ZIP_CODE | Zip Code | P0 C1 L10 |
| CEO | Chief Executive Officer | P0 C1 L14 |
| CEO_TITLE | CEO Title | P0 C1 L15 |
| WEB_SITE | Hospital Web Site Address | P0 C1 L16 |
| OWNER | Hospital Owner | P0 C1 L17 |
| RPT_PREP | Report Preparer | P0 C1 L23 |
| ORG_NAME | Report Preparer Organization Name | P0 C1 L24 |
| ER_DESIG | ER Trauma Center Designation | P1 C1 L30 |
| MCAR_PRO# | Medicare Provider Number | P0 C1 L7 |
| MCAL_PRO# | Medi-Cal Provider Number Contract | P0 C1 L5 |
| REG_MCAL# | Medi-Cal Non-Contract Provider Number | P0 C1 L6 |

UTILIZATION DATA

Number of Beds

| BED_LIC | Licensed Beds (End of Period) | P1 C1 L5 |
|---------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| BED_AVL | Available Beds (Average) | P1 C1 L10 |
| BED_STF | Staffed Beds (Average) | P1 C1 L15 |

Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Inpatient Utilization by Payer

| DAY_MCAR_TR | Patient Days Medicare – Traditional | P4.1 C1 L35 |
|-------------|--|-----------------------------|
| DAY_MCAR_MC | Patient Days Medicare - Managed | P4.1 C2 L35 |
| DAY_MCAL_TR | Patient Days Medi-Cal – Traditional | P4.1 C3 L35 |
| DAY_MCAL_MC | Patient Days Medi-Cal - Managed | P4.1 C4 L35 |
| DAY_CNTY | Patient Days County Indigent Programs - Traditional & Managed | P4.1 C5 L35 + P4.1 C6 L35 |
| DAY_THRD_TR | Patient Days Other Third Parties - Traditional | P4.1 C7 L35 |
| DAY_THRD_MC | Patient Days Other Third Parties - Managed | P4.1 C8 L35 |
| DAY_OTH_IND | Patient Days Other Indigent | P4.1 C9 L35 |
| DAY_OTH | Patient Days Other Payers | P4.1 C10 L35 |
| DAY_TOT | Patient Days Total | P4.1 C11 L35 |
| DIS_MCAR_TR | Discharges Medicare - Traditional | P4.1 C12 L35 |
| DIS_MCAR_MC | Discharges Medicare - Managed | P4.1 C13 L35 |
| DIS_MCAL_TR | Discharges Medi-Cal – Traditional | P4.1 C14 L35 |
| DIS_MCAL_MC | Discharges Medi-Cal - Managed | P4.1 C15 L35 |
| DIS_CNTY | Discharges County Indigent Programs - Traditional & Managed | P4.1 C16 L35 + P4.1 C17 L35 |
| DIS_THRD_TR | Discharges Other Third Parties - Traditional | P4.1 C18 L35 |
| DIS_THRD_MC | Discharges Other Third Parties - Managed | P4.1 C19 L35 |
| DIS_OTH_IND | Discharges Other Indigent | P4.1 C20 L35 |
| DIS_OTH | Discharges Other Payers | P4.1 C21 L35 |
| DIS_TOT | Discharges Total | P4.1 C22 L35 |

Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Licensed Beds and Utilization by Type of Care

| BED_ACUTE | Licensed Beds Acute | Σ P4 C1 L5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 65, 70, 85, and 90 |
|------------|--|---|
| BED_PSYCH | Licensed Beds Psychiatric | P4 C1 L25 + L55 + L60 + L110 |
| BED_CHEM | Licensed Beds Chemical Dep | P4 C1 L75 |
| BED_REHAB | Licensed Beds Rehabilitation | P4 C1 L80 |
| BED_LTC | Licensed Beds Long-term Care | P4 C1 L100 + L101 + L105 + L115 + L125 |
| BED_RESDNT | Licensed Beds Residential & Other Daily Services | P4 C1 L120 + L145 |
| DAY-ACUTE | Patient Days Acute | Σ P4 C4 + C5 L5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 65, 70, 85, and 90 |
| DAY_PSYCH | Patient Days Psychiatric | P4 C4 + C5 L25 + L55 + L60 + L110 |
| DAY_CHEM | Patient Days Chemical Dep | P4 C4 + C5 L75 |
| DAY_REHAB | Patient Days Rehabilitation | P4 C4 + C5 L80 |
| DAY_LTC | Patient Days Long-term Care | P4 C4 + C5 L100 + L 101 + L105 + L115 + L125 |
| DAY_RESDNT | Patient Days Residential & Other Daily Services | P4 C4 + C5 L120 + L145 |
| DIS_ACUTE | Discharges Acute | Σ P4 C12 L5, 10, 15, 20, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 65, 70, 85, and 90 |
| DIS_PSYCH | Discharges Psychiatric | P4 C12 L25 + L55 + L60 + L110 |
| DIS_CHEM | Discharges Chemical Dep | P4 C12 L75 |
| DIS_REHAB | Discharges Rehabilitation | P4 C12 L80 |
| DIS_LTC | Discharges Long-term Care | P4 C12 L100 + L101 + L105 + L115 + L125 |
| DIS_RESDNT | Discharges Residential & Other Daily Services | P4 C12 L120 + L145 |
| OCC_LIC | Occupancy Rate (Lic Beds) | [(P4 C4 + C5 L150) ÷ (P1 C1 L5 x Days in Report Period)] x 100 (Round to one decimal.) |
| OCC_AVL | Occupancy Rate (Avail Beds) | [(P4 C4 + C5 L150) ÷ (P1 C1 L10 x Days in Report Period)] x 100 (Round to one decimal.) |

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Licensed Beds and Utilization by Type of Care (Con't)

ALOS_ALL Average Length of Stay

(incl. Long-term Care) (P4 C4 + C5 L150) ÷ P 4 C12 L150 (Round to one

decimal.)

ALOS_EXLTC Average Length of Stay [(P4 C4 + C5 L150) - (L100 + L101 + L105 + L110 + L115

(excl. Long-term Care) + L120 + L125)] ÷ [P4 C12 L150 - (L100 + L101 + L105 +

L110 + L115 + L120 + L125] (Round to one decimal.)

Nursery Information

BAS_NURSRY Nursery Bassinets P4 C2 L155

DAY_NURSRY Nursery Days P4.1 C11 L40

DIS_NURSRY Nursery Discharges P4.1 C22 L40

Outpatient Visits by Payer

VIS_MCAR_TR Outpatient Visits Medicare -

Traditional P4.1 C1 L105

VIS_MCAR_MC Outpatient Visits Medicare -

Managed P4.1 C2 L105

VIS MCAL TR Outpatient Visits Medi-Cal -

Traditional P4.1 C3 L105

VIS MCAL MC Outpatient Visits Medi-Cal -

Managed P4.1 C4 L105

VIS_CNTY Outpatient Visits County

Indigent Programs - Traditional &

Managed P4.1 C5 + C6 L105

VIS_THRD_TR Outpatient Visits Other

Third Parties - Traditional P4.1 C7 L105

VIS_THRD_MC Outpatient Visits Other

Third Parties - Managed P4.1 C8 L105

VIS_OTH_IND Outpatient Visits Other Indigent P4.1 C9 L105

VIS OTH Outpatient Visits Other Payers P4.1 C10 L105

VIS_TOT Outpatient Visits Total P4.1 C11 L105

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Ambulatory and Referred Outpatient Visits

| VIS ER | Visits Emergency Room | P4 C1 L160 + L170 |
|--------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| | | |

VIS_CLIN Visits Clinic P4 C1 L175 + L180

VIS HOME Visits Home Health Care P4 C1 L205

VIS REF OP Visits Referred Outpatient P4 C1 L555

Managed Care Contract Utilization

DAYS PIPS Purchased Inpatient Days P4.1 C11 L45

Other Selected Utilization Information

| OP ROOM | Operating Rooms | P4 C1 L510 + L530 + L540 |
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------|
|---------|-----------------|--------------------------|

OP_MIN_IP Operating Minutes Inpatient P4 C7 L185 + L235 + L240

OP_MIN_OP Operating Minutes Outpatient P4 C13 L185 + L235 + L240

SURG_IP Surgeries Inpatient P4 C7 L505 + L515 + L535

SURG OP Surgeries Outpatient P4 C13 L505 + L515 + L535

NAT_ BIRTHS Natural Births P4 C7 L625

C_SECTIONS Cesarean Sections P4 C13 L625

Summary Income Statement

| GR PT REV | Gross Patient Revenue Total | P8 C1 L30 |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------|
| | | |

DED_FR_REV Deductions from Revenue Total P8 C1 L105

TOT_CAP_REV Total Capitation Premium Rev P8 C1 L107

NET_PT_REV Net Patient Revenue Total P8 C1 L110

OTH_OP_REV Other Operating Revenue P8 C1 L135

TOT_OP_EXP Total Operating Expenses P8 C1 L200

NET_FRM_OP Net from Operations P8 C1 L205

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Summary Income Statement (Con't)

| NONOP REV | Non-Operating Revenue | P8 C1 L625 |
|-----------|-----------------------|------------|
|-----------|-----------------------|------------|

NONOP_EXP Non-Operating Expenses P8 C1 L685

INC_TAX Provision for Income Taxes P8 C1 L220 + L225

EXT_ITEM Extraordinary Items P8 C1 L235 + L240

NET_INCOME Net Income P8 C1 L245

PATIENT REVENUE INFORMATION

Gross Patient Revenue by Revenue Center Group

GR_REV_DLY Gross Patient Revenue

Daily Hospital Services P8 C1 L5

GR_REV_AMB Gross Patient Revenue

Ambulatory Services P8 C1 L10

GR_REV_ANC Gross Patient Revenue

Ancillary Services P8 C1 L15

Gross Inpatient Revenue by Payer

GR_IP_MCAR_TR Gross Inpatient Revenue

Medicare - Traditional P12 C1 L415

GR IP MCAR MC Gross Inpatient Revenue

Medicare - Managed P12 C3 L415

GR_IP_MCAL_TR Gross Inpatient Revenue

Medi-Cal - Traditional P12 C5 L415

GR_IP_MCAL_MC Gross Inpatient Revenue

Medi-Cal - Managed P12 C7 L415

GR_IP_CNTY Gross Inpatient Revenue County

Indigent Programs - Traditional &

Managed P12 C9 + C11 L415

GR_IP_THRD_TR Gross Inpatient Revenue Other

Third Parties - Traditional P12 C13 L415

GR_IP_THRD_MC Gross Inpatient Revenue Other

Third Parties - Managed P12 C15 L415

Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Gross Inpatient Revenue by Paver (Con't)

| Gross Inpatient Revenue by Payer (Con't) | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|--|
| GR_IP_OTH_IND | Gross Inpatient Revenue Other Indigent | P12 C17 L415 | |
| GR_IP_OTH | Gross Inpatient Revenue Other Payers | P12 C19 L415 | |
| GR_IP_TOT | Gross Inpatient Revenue Total | P12 C21 L415 | |
| Gross Outpatient Re | evenue by Payer | | |
| GR_OP_MCAR_TR | Gross Outpatient Revenue Medicare - Traditional | P12 C2 L415 | |
| GR_OP_MCAR_MC | Gross Outpatient Revenue Medicare - Managed | P12 C4 L415 | |
| GR_OP_MCAL_TR | Gross Outpatient Revenue Medi-Cal - Traditional | P12 C6 L415 | |
| GR_OP_MCAL_MC | Gross Outpatient Revenue Medi-Cal - Managed | P12 C8 L415 | |
| GR_OP_CNTY | Gross Outpatient Revenue C Indigent Programs - Tradition Managed | | |
| GR_OP_THRD_TR | Gross Outpatient Revenue C Third Parties - Traditional | Other P12 C14 L415 | |
| GR_OP_THRD_MC | Gross Outpatient Revenue C Third Parties- Managed | Other P12 C16 L415 | |
| GR_OP_OTH_IND | Gross Outpatient Revenue Other Indigent | P12 C18 L415 | |
| GR_OP_OTH | Gross Outpatient Revenue Other Payers | P12 C20 L415 | |
| GR_OP_TOT | Gross Outpatient Revenue Total | P12 C22 L415 | |
| Deductions from Revenue | | | |
| | | | |

C_ADJ_MCAR_TR

Contractual Adjustments Medicare - Traditional P8 C1 L305

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

<u>Deductions from Revenue</u> (Con't)

C_ADJ_MCAR_MC Contractual Adjustments

Medicare - Managed P8 C1 L310

C ADJ MCAL TR Contractual Adjustments

Medi-Cal - Traditional P8 C1 L315

C_ADJ_MCAL_MC Contractual Adjustments

Medi-Cal - Managed P8 C1 L320

DISP_855 Disproportionate Share Payments

for Medi-Cal (SB 855) P8 C1 L325 (negative amount)

C_ADJ_CNTY Contractual Adjustments County

Indigent Programs - Traditional &

Managed P8 C1 L330 + L335

C_ADJ_THRD_TR Contractual Adjustments Other

Third Parties - Traditional P8 C1 L340

C_ADJ_THRD_MC Contractual Adjustments Other

Third Parties - Managed P8 C1 L345

BAD DEBT Provision for Bad Debts P8 C1 L300

CHAR_HB Charity-Hill-Burton P8 C1 L350

CHAR OTH Charity-Other P8 C1 L355

SUB INDGNT Restricted Donations and Subsidies

for Indigent Care P8 C1 L360 (negative amount)

DED_OTH All Other Deductions from

Revenue P8 C1 L365 + L370 + L375 + L380 + L385

Capitation Premium Revenue

CAP_REV_MCAR Capitation Premium Revenue

Medicare P8 C1 L430

CAP_REV_MCAL Capitation Premium Revenue

Medi-Cal P8 C1 L435

CAP_REV_CNTY Capitation Premium Revenue

County Indigent Programs P8 C1 L440

CAP_REV_THRD Capitation Premium Revenue

Other Third Parties P8 C1 L445

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Net Patient Revenue by Payer

NETRV MCAR TR Net Patient Revenue Medicare -

Traditional P12 C1 + C2 L460

NETRV_MCAR_MC Net Patient Revenue Medicare -

Managed P12 C3 L460

NETRV MCAL TR Net Patient Revenue Medi-Cal -

Traditional P12 C5 L460

Managed P12 C7 L460

NETRV_CNTY Net Patient Revenue County

Indigent Programs - Traditional &

Managed P12 C9 + C10 + C11 L460

Third Parties - Traditional P12 C13 + C14 L460

NETRV_THRD_MC Net Patient Revenue Other

Third Parties - Managed P12 C15 L460

Indigent P12 C17 + C18 L460

Payers P12 C19 + C20 L460

Selected Financial Items

DISP TRNFR Dispro Share Funds Transferred

to Related Public Entity (P7 C1 L105) x -1

INTER_TFR Intercompany Transfers P7 C1 L100

CONTRIBTNS Unrestricted Contributions P8 C1 L510

INC INVEST Incomes, Gains & Losses from

Unrestricted Investments P8 C1 L520

DIST REV District Assessment Revenue P8 C1 L545 + L550 + L555 + L560 + L565

11

CNTY_APPRO County Appropriations P8 C1 L575 + L580 + L585

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

EXPENSE INFORMATION

Direct Expenses by Cost Center Group

| EXP_DLY | Expenses Daily Hospital Services | P15 C9 L150 + P17 C10 L150 |
|------------|--|----------------------------|
| EXP_AMB | Expenses Ambulatory Services | P15 C9 L225 + P17 C10 L225 |
| EXP_ANC | Expenses Ancillary Services | P15 C9 L405 + P17 C10 L405 |
| EXP_PIP | Expenses Purchased Inpatient Services | P17 C10 L410 |
| EXP_POP | Expenses Purchased Outpatient Services | P17 C10 L411 |
| EXP_RES | Research | P16 C9 L10 + P18 C10 L10 |
| EXP_ED | Education | P16 C9 L50 + P18 C10 L50 |
| EXP_GEN | General Services | P18 C10 L150 |
| EXP_FISC | Fiscal Services | P18 C10 L200 |
| EXP_ADM | Administrative Services | P16 C9 L300 + P18 C10 L300 |
| EXP_UNASSG | Unassigned Costs | P18 C10 L360 |

Expenses by Natural Classification

| EXP_SAL | Salaries and Wages | P16 C1 L305 + P18 C1 L365 |
|------------|---|---------------------------|
| EXP_BEN | Employee Benefits | P16 C2 L305 + P18 C2 L365 |
| EXP_PHYS | Physician Professional Fees | P16 C3 L305 |
| EXP_OTHPRO | Other Professional Fees | P18 C4 L365 |
| EXP_SUPP | Supplies | P18 C5 L365 |
| EXP_PURCH | Purchased Services | P18 C6 L365 |
| EXP_DEPRE | Depreciation | P18 C7 L365 |
| EXP_LEASES | Leases and Rentals | P18 C8 L365 |
| EXP_INSUR | Insurance - Hospital and Professional Malpractice | P18 C10 L315 |

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Expenses by Natural Classification (Con't)

EXP_INTRST Interest - Working Capital and

Other P18 C10 L330 + L345

EXP_OTH All Other Expenses P18 C9 L365 - C9 L315 - L330 - L345

BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION

Assets

CUR ASST Current Assets P5 C1 L55

ASST_LIMTD Assets Whose Use Is Limited P5 C1 L75

NET_PPE Net Property, Plant, and

Equipment P5 C1 L200

CONST_PROG Construction-in-Progress P5 C1 L205

INV_OTH Investments and Other Assets P5 C1 L235

INTAN ASST Intangible Assets P5 C1 L265

TOT_ASST Total Assets P5 C1 L270

Liabilities and Equity

CUR_LIAB Current Liabilities P5 C3 L60

DEF_CRED Deferred Credits P5 C3 L80

NET_LTDEBT Net Long-term Debt P5 C3 L130

EQUITY Equity P5 C3 L205

LIAB_EQ Total Liabilities and Equity P5 C3 L270

Other Balance Sheet Items

CASH Cash P5 C1 L5

ACCTS_ REC Accounts and Notes Receivable P5 C1 L15

ALLOW_UNCOLL Allowance for Uncollectible

Receivables and Third Party

Contractual Withholds P5 C1 L20

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Other Balance Sheet Items (Con't)

| BLDGS | Buildings and Improvements | P5 C1 L90 |
|-------|----------------------------|-----------|
|-------|----------------------------|-----------|

EQUIPMENT Equipment P5 C1 L100

TOT_PPE Total Property, Plant and

Equipment P5 C1 L105

ACC_DEPRE Accumulated Depreciation (P5 C1 L195) x -1

MORT_PAY Mortgages Payable P5 C3 L85

CAP LEASE Capital Lease Obligation P5 C3 L100

BOND_PAY Bonds Payable P5 C3 L105

TOT_LTDEBT Total Long-Term Debt P5 C3 L120

CUR_MAT Current Maturities on

Long-term Debt P5 C3 L50

INTER-REC Intercompany Receivables

(Current and Non-Current) P5 C1 L45 + L225

INTER_PAY Intercompany Payables

(Current and Non-Current) P5 C3 L45 + L110

LABOR AND PRODUCTIVITY INFORMATION

Hospital Personnel Information

HOSP FTE Number of Hospital

Paid FTEs [(P21 C24 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C24 L10 + L50 +

L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370)] ÷ (2,080 ÷ 365) ÷ [(P0 C1 L37 - P0 C1 L36) + 1] (Round to whole number.)

NURS_FTE Number of Nursing

Service FTE Personnel

L405)]

[(P21 C6 L150 + L225 + L405 + C8 L150 + L225 + L405 + C10 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P21.1 C2 L150 + L225 +

 \div (2080 \div 365) \div [(P0 C1 L37 - P0 C1 L36) + 1] (Round to

whole number.)

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

(P21 C22 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P21.1 C5 L150 + L225 +

Hospital Personnel Information (Con't)

Total Productive Hours

PROD_HRS

| | | L405) + (P22 C22 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) + (P22.1 C4 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| NON_PRD_HR | Total Non-Productive Hours | (P21 C23 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C23 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| PAID_HRS | Total Paid Hours | (P21 C24 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P21.1 C5 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C24 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) + (P22.1 C4 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| MED_STAFF | Number of Active Medical Staff | P1 C1 + C2 + C3 + C4 + C5 + C6 L320 |
| STDNT_FTE | Number of Student FTEs | P1 C7 + C8 L320 (reported to two decimal places – round to whole number) |
| Productive Hou | rs by Employee Classification | |
| PRD_HR_MGT | Management and Supervision | (P21 C2 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C2 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| PRD_HR_TCH | Technical and Specialist | (P21 C4 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C4 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| PRD_HR_RN | Registered Nurses | (P21 C6 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C6 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| PRD_HR_LVN | Licensed Vocational Nurses | (P21 C8 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C8 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| PRD_HR_AID | Aides and Orderlies | (P21 C10 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C10 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| PRD_HR_CLR | Clerical and Other Administrative | (P21 C12 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C12 L10 + L50 + 150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| PRD_HR_ENV | | (P21 C14 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C14 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |
| PRD_HR_OTH | All Other Salaries and Wages | (P21 C16 + C18 + C20 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22 C16 + C18 + C20 L10 + L50 + L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370) |

Cross- References for Hospital Annual Financial Data File For Report Periods Ended On and After June 30, 2004

Contracted Labor Hours by Classification

CNT_HR_RN Registry Nurses (P21.1 C2 L150 + L225 + L405)

CNT_HR_OTH Other Contracted Services (P21.1 C4 L150 + L225 + L405) + (P22.1 C4 L10 + L50 +

L150 + L200 + L300 + L350 + L370)

Total Productive Hours by Cost Center Group

PRD_HR_DLY Daily Hospital Services P21 C22 L150 + P21.1 C5 L150

PRD_HR_AMB Ambulatory Services P21 C22 L225 + P21.1 C5 L225

PRD_HR_ANC Ancillary Services P21 C22 L405 + P21.1 C5 L405

PRD_HR_ED Education and Research (P22 C22 L10 + L50) + (P22.1 C4 L10 + L50)

PRD_HR_GEN General Services P22 C22 L150 + P22.1 C4 L150

PRD HR FIS Fiscal Services P22 C22 L200 + P22.1 C4 L200

PRD_HR_ADM Administrative Services

(including Employee Benefits) (P22 C22 L300 + L350) + (P22.1 C4 L300 + L350)

PRD HR NON Non-Operating Cost Centers P22 C22 L370 + P22.1 C4 L370

Total Paid Hours by Cost Center Group

PD HR DLY Daily Hospital Services P21 C24 L150 + P21.1 C5 L150

PD_HR_AMB Ambulatory Services P21 C24 L225 + P21.1 C5 L225

PD_HR_ANC Ancillary Services P21 C24 L405 + P21.1 C5 L405

PD_HR_ED Education and Research (P22 C24 L10 + L50) + (P22.1 C4 L10 + L50)

PD_HR_GEN General Services P22 C24 L150 + P22.1 C4 L150

PD HR FIS Fiscal Services P22 C24 L200 + P22.1 C4 L200

PD HR ADM Administrative Services

(including Employee Benefits) (P22 C24 L300 + L350) + (P22.1 C4 L300 + L350)

PD_HR_NON Non-Operating Cost Centers P22 C24 L370 + P22.1 C4 L370

| Item | Column | | New | |
|------|------------|--|-----|--------------|
| No. | Reference | Data Item | | Column Label |
| | 1101010100 | Disclosure Report Information | 1.0 | |
| 1 | Α | OSHPD Facility Number | | FAC_NO |
| 2 | В | Facility DBA Name | | FAC_NAME |
| 3 | С | Report Period Begin Date | | BEG_DATE |
| 4 | D | Report Period End Date | | END_DATE |
| 5 | Е | Days in Report Period | | DAY_PER |
| 6 | F | Data Status Indicator | | DATA_IND |
| 7 | G | Independent Audit Indicator | | AUDIT_IND |
| | | General Hospital Information | | |
| 8 | Н | County Name | | COUNTY |
| 9 | I | Health Service Area (HSA) Number | | HSA |
| 10 | J | Health Facility Planning Area (HFPA) Number | | HFPA |
| 11 | K | Type of Control | | TYPE_CNTRL |
| 12 | L | Type of Care | | TYPE_CARE |
| 13 | М | Type of Hospital | | TYPE_HOSP |
| 14 | N | Teaching or Small/Rural Hospital | | TEACH_RURL |
| 15 | 0 | Phone Number | | PHONE |
| 16 | Р | Address | | ADDRESS |
| 17 | Q | City | | CITY |
| 18 | R | Zip Code | | ZIP_CODE |
| 19 | S | Chief Executive Officer | | CEO |
| 20 | Т | CEO Title | | CEO_TITLE |
| 21 | U | Hospital Web-site Address | X | WEB_SITE |
| 22 | V | Hospital Owner | | OWNER |
| 23 | W | Report Preparer | | RPT_PREP |
| 24 | X | Report Preparer Organization Name | X | ORG_NAME |
| 25 | Υ | ER Trauma Center Designation | | ER_DESIG |
| 26 | Z | Medicare Provider Number | | MCAR_PRO# |
| 27 | AA | Medi-Cal Contract Provider Number | | MCAL_PRO# |
| 28 | AB | Medi-Cal Non-Contract Provider Number | | REG_MCAL# |
| | | Beds (Excluding Beds in Suspense and Nursery Bassinets) | | |
| 29 | AC | Licensed Beds (End of Period) | | BED_LIC |
| 30 | AD | Available Beds (Average) | | BED_AVL |
| 31 | AE | Staffed Beds (Average) | | BED_STF |
| | | Patient (Census) Days by Payer Category | | |
| 32 | AF | Patient (Census) Days Medicare-Traditional | | DAY_MCAR_TR |
| 33 | AG | Patient (Census) Days Medicare-Managed Care | | DAY_MCAR_MC |
| 34 | AH | Patient (Census) Days Medi-Cal-Traditional | | DAY_MCAL_TR |
| 35 | Al | Patient (Census) Days Medi-Cal-Managed Care | | DAY_MCAL_MC |
| 36 | AJ | Patient (Census) Days County Indigent Programs-Traditional & Man. Care | | DAY_CNTY |
| 37 | AK | Patient (Census) Days Other Third Parties-Traditional | | DAY_THRD_TR |
| 38 | AL | Patient (Census) Days Other Third Parties-Managed Care | | DAY_THRD_MC |
| 39 | AM | Patient (Census) Days Other Indigent | | DAY_OTH_IND |
| 40 | AN | Patient (Census) Days Other Payers | | DAY_OTH |
| 41 | AO | Patient (Census) Days Total | | DAY_TOT |

| Item | Column | | New | |
|------|-----------|--|-----|--------------|
| No. | Reference | Data Item | | Column Label |
| | | Discharges by Payer Category | | |
| 42 | AP | Discharges Medicare-Traditional | | DIS_MCAR_TR |
| 43 | AQ | Discharges Medicare-Managed Care | | DIS_MCAR_MC |
| 44 | AR | Discharges Medi-Cal-Traditional | | DIS_MCAL_TR |
| 45 | AS | Discharges Medi-Cal-Managed Care | | DIS_MCAL_MC |
| 46 | AT | Discharges County Indigent Programs-Traditional & Managed Care | | DIS_CNTY |
| 47 | AU | Discharges Other Third Parties-Traditional | | DIS_THRD_TR |
| 48 | AV | Discharges Other Third Parties-Managed Care | | DIS_THRD_MC |
| 49 | AW | Discharges Other Indigent | | DIS_OTH_IND |
| 50 | AX | Discharges Other Payers | | DIS_OTH |
| 51 | AY | Discharges Total | | DIS_TOT |
| | | Licensed Beds by Type of Care | | |
| 52 | AZ | Licensed Beds Acute Care | | BED_ACUTE |
| 53 | ВА | Licensed Beds Psychiatric Care | | BED_PSYCH |
| 54 | BB | Licensed Beds Chemical Dependency Care | | BED_CHEM |
| 55 | ВС | Licensed Beds Rehabilitation Care | | BED_REHAB |
| 56 | BD | Licensed Beds Long-term Care | | BED_LTC |
| 57 | BE | Licensed Beds Residential & Other Daily Services | | BED_RESDNT |
| | | Patient (Census) Days by Type of Care | | |
| 58 | BF | Patient (Census) Days Acute Care | | DAY-ACUTE |
| 59 | BG | Patient (Census) Days Psychiatric Care | | DAY_PSYCH |
| 60 | ВН | Patient (Census) Days Chemical Dependency Care | | DAY_CHEM |
| 61 | BI | Patient (Census) Days Rehabilitation Care | | DAY_REHAB |
| 62 | BJ | Patient (Census) Days Long-term Care | | DAY_LTC |
| 63 | BK | Patient (Census) Days Residential & Other Daily Services | | DAY_RESDNT |
| | | Discharges by Type of Care | | _ |
| 64 | BL | Discharges Acute Care | | DIS_ACUTE |
| 65 | BM | Discharges Psychiatric Care | | DIS_PSYCH |
| 66 | BN | Discharges Chemical Dependency Care | | DIS_CHEM |
| 67 | ВО | Discharges Rehabilitation Care | | DIS_REHAB |
| 68 | BP | Discharges Long-term Care | | DIS_LTC |
| 69 | BQ | Discharges Residential & Other Daily Services | | DIS_RESDNT |
| | | Occupancy Rate and Average Length of Stay (Approximate) | | |
| 70 | BR | Licensed Beds Occupancy Rate | | OCC_LIC |
| 71 | BS | Available Beds Occupancy Rate | | OCC_AVL |
| 72 | ВТ | Average Length of Stay (Including LTC) | | ALOS_ALL |
| 73 | BU | Average Length of Stay (Excluding LTC) | | ALOS_EXLTC |
| | | Nursery Information | | |
| 74 | BV | Nursery Bassinets | | BAS_NURSRY |
| 75 | BW | Nursery Days | | DAY_NURSRY |
| 76 | ВХ | Nursery Discharges | | DIS_NURSRY |

| Item No. | Column Reference | Data Item | New Item* | Column Label |
|-------------|---------------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| 1101 | | Outpatient Visits by Payer Category | 100111 | |
| 77 | BY | Outpatient Visits Medicare-Traditional | | VIS_MCAR_TR |
| 78 | BZ | Outpatient Visits Medicare-Managed Care | | VIS_MCAR_MC |
| 79 | CA | Outpatient Visits Medi-Cal-Traditional | | VIS_MCAL_TR |
| 80 | СВ | Outpatient Visits Medi-Cal-Managed Care | | VIS_MCAL_MC |
| 81 | CC | Outpatient Visits County Indigent Programs-Traditional & Man. Care | | VIS_CNTY |
| 82 | CD | Outpatient Visits Other Third Parties-Traditional | | VIS THRD TR |
| 83 | CE | Outpatient Visits Other Third Parties-Managed Care | | VIS_THRD_MC |
| 84 | CF | Outpatient Visits Other Indigent | | VIS_OTH_IND |
| 85 | CG | Outpatient Visits Other Payers | | VIS_OTH |
| 86 | СН | Outpatient Visits Total | | VIS_TOT |
| | | Ambulatory and Referred Outpatient Visits | | _ |
| 87 | CI | Visits Emergency Room | | VIS_ER |
| 88 | CJ | Visits Clinic | | VIS_CLIN |
| 89 | CK | Visits Home Health Care | | VIS_HOME |
| 90 | CL | Visits Referred Outpatient | | VIS_REF_OP |
| | | Managed Care Contract Information | | |
| 91 | CM | Purchased Inpatient Days | | DAY_PIPS |
| | | Surgery and Selected Ancillary Information | | |
| 92 | CN | Operating Rooms | | OP_ROOM |
| 93 | CO | Operating Minutes Inpatient | | OP_MIN_IP |
| 94 | СР | Operating Minutes Outpatient | | OP_MIN_OP |
| 95 | CQ | Surgeries Inpatient | | SURG IP |
| 96 | CR | Surgeries Outpatient | | SURG_OP |
| 97 | CS | Natural Births | Х | NAT BIRTHS |
| 98 | CT | Cesarean Sections | Х | C_SECTIONS |
| | | Income Statement | | |
| 99 | CU | Gross Patient Revenue | | GR_PT_REV |
| 100 | CV | Deductions from Revenue | | DED_FR_REV |
| 101 | CW | Capitation Premium Revenue | | TOT_CAP_REV |
| 102 | CX | Net Patient Revenue | | NET_PT_REV |
| 103 | CY | Other Operating Revenue | | OTH_OP_REV |
| 104 | CZ | Total Operating Expenses | | TOT_OP_EXP |
| 105 | DA | Net from Operations | | NET_FRM_OP |
| 106 | DB | Non-Operating Revenue | | NONOP_REV |
| 107 | DC | Non-Operating Expenses | | NONOP_EXP |
| 108 | DD | Provision for Income Taxes | | INC_TAX |
| 109 | DE | Extraordinary Items | | EXT_ITEM |
| 110 | DF | Net Income | | NET_INCOME |
| | | Gross Patient Revenue by Revenue Center Group | | |
| 111 | DG | Gross Patient Revenue Daily Hospital Services | | GR_REV_DLY |
| 112 | DH | Gross Patient Revenue Ambulatory Services | | GR_REV_AMB |
| 113 | DI | Gross Patient Revenue Ancillary Services | | GR_REV_ANC |

| 14 0 100 | Calumn | | Nou | |
|-------------|---------------------|--|--------------|---------------|
| Item No. | Column Reference | Data Item | New Item* | Column Label |
| 110. | ROIGIGIGG | Gross Inpatient Revenue by Payer Category | 110111 | Column Labor |
| 114 | DJ | Gross Inpatient Revenue Medicare-Traditional | | GR_IP_MCAR_TR |
| 115 | DK | Gross Inpatient Revenue Medicare-Managed Care | | GR_IP_MCAR_MC |
| 116 | DL | Gross Inpatient Revenue Medi-Cal-Traditional | | GR_IP_MCAL_TR |
| 117 | DM | Gross Inpatient Revenue Medi-Cal-Managed Care | | GR_IP_MCAL_MC |
| 118 | DN | Gross Inpatient Revenue County Indigent Programs-Traditional & Man. Care | | GR_IP_CNTY |
| 119 | DO | Gross Inpatient Revenue Other Third Parties-Traditional | | GR IP THRD TR |
| 120 | DP | Gross Inpatient Revenue Other Third Parties-Managed Care | | GR_IP_THRD_MC |
| 121 | DQ | Gross Inpatient Revenue Other Indigent | | GR_IP_OTH_IND |
| 122 | DR | Gross Inpatient Revenue Other Payers | | GR_IP_OTH |
| 123 | DS | Gross Inpatient Revenue Total | | GR_IP_TOT |
| | | Gross Outpatient Revenue by Payer Category | | |
| 124 | DT | Gross Outpatient Revenue Medicare-Traditional | | GR_OP_MCAR_TR |
| 125 | DU | Gross Outpatient Revenue Medicare-Managed Care | | GR_OP_MCAR_MC |
| 126 | DV | Gross Outpatient Revenue Medi-Cal-Traditional | | GR_OP_MCAL_TR |
| 127 | DW | Gross Outpatient Revenue Medi-Cal-Managed Care | | GR_OP_MCAL_MC |
| 128 | DX | Gross Outpatient Revenue County Indigent Programs-Traditional & Man.Care |) | GR_OP_CNTY |
| 129 | DY | Gross Outpatient Revenue Other Third Parties-Traditional | | GR_OP_THRD_TR |
| 130 | DZ | Gross Outpatient Revenue Other Third Parties-Managed Care | | GR_OP_THRD_MC |
| 131 | EA | Gross Outpatient Revenue Other Indigent | | GR_OP_OTH_IND |
| 132 | EB | Gross Outpatient Revenue Other Payers | | GR_OP_OTH |
| 133 | EC | Gross Outpatient Revenue Total | | GR_OP_TOT |
| | | Deductions from Revenue | | |
| 134 | ED | Contractual Adjustments Medicare-Traditional | | C_ADJ_MCAR_TR |
| 135 | EE | Contractual Adjustments Medicare-Managed Care | | C_ADJ_MCAR_MC |
| 136 | EF | Contractual Adjustments Medi-Cal-Traditional | | C_ADJ_MCAL_TR |
| 137 | EG | Contractual Adjustments Medi-Cal-Managed Care | | C_ADJ_MCAL_MC |
| 138 | EH | Dispro Share Payments for Medi-Cal Patient Days (SB 855) | | DISP_855 |
| 139 | EI | Contractual Adjustments County Indigent Programs-Traditional & Man. Care | | C_ADJ_CNTY |
| 140 | EJ | Contractual Adjustments Other Third Parties-Traditional | | C_ADJ_THRD_TR |
| 141 | EK | Contractual Adjustments Other Third Parties-Managed Care | | C_ADJ_THRD_MC |
| 142 | EL | Provision for Bad Debts | | BAD_DEBT |
| 143 | EM | Charity - Hill-Burton | | CHAR_HB |
| 144 | EN | Charity - Other | | CHAR_OTH |
| 145 | EO | Restricted Donations and Subsidies for Indigent Care | | SUB_INDGNT |
| 146 | EP | All Other Deductions from Revenue | | DED_OTH |
| | | Capitation Premium Revenue by Payer Category | | |
| 147 | EQ | Capitation Premium Revenue-Medicare-Managed Care | | CAP_REV_MCAR |
| 148 | ER | Capitation Premium Revenue-Medi-Cal-Managed Care | | CAP_REV_MCAL |
| 149 | ES | Capitation Premium Revenue-County Indigent Programs-Managed Care | | CAP_REV_CNTY |
| 150 | ET | Capitation Premium Revenue-Other Third Parties-Managed Care | | CAP_REV_THRD |

| ltem | Column | | New | |
|------|-----------|--|-----|---------------|
| No. | Reference | Data Item | | Column Label |
| | | Net Patient Revenue by Payer Category | | |
| 151 | EU | Net Patient Revenue Medicare-Traditional | | NETRV_MCAR_TR |
| 152 | EV | Net Patient Revenue Medicare-Managed Care | | NETRV_MCAR_MC |
| 153 | EW | Net Patient Revenue Medi-Cal-Traditional | | NETRV_MCAL_TR |
| 154 | EX | Net Patient Revenue Medi-Cal-Managed Care | | NETRV_MCAL_MC |
| 155 | EY | Net Patient Revenue County Indigent Programs-Traditional & Man. Care | | NETRV CNTY |
| 156 | EZ | Net Patient Revenue Other Third Parties-Traditional | | NETRV_THRD_TR |
| 157 | FA | Net Patient Revenue Other Third Parties-Managed Care | | NETRV_THRD_MC |
| 158 | FB | Net Patient Revenue Other Indigent | | NETRV_OTH_IND |
| 159 | FC | Net Patient Revenue Other Payers | | NETRV_OTH |
| | | Financial Items - Other | | _ |
| 160 | FD | Dispro Share Funds Transferred to Related Entity | | DISP_TRNFR |
| 161 | FE | Intercompany Transfers | | INTER_TFR |
| 162 | FF | Unrestricted Contributions | | CONTRIBTNS |
| 163 | FG | Incomes, Gains & Losses from Unrestricted Investments | | INC_INVEST |
| 164 | FH | District Assessment Revenue | | DIST_REV |
| 165 | FI | County Appropriations | | CNTY_APPRO |
| | | Operating Expenses by Cost Center Group | | _ |
| 166 | FJ | Daily Hospital Services | | EXP_DLY |
| 167 | FK | Ambulatory Services | | EXP_AMB |
| 168 | FL | Ancillary Services | | EXP_ANC |
| 169 | FM | Purchased Inpatient Services | | EXP_PIP |
| 170 | FN | Purchased Outpatient Services | | EXP_POP |
| 171 | FO | Research | | EXP_RES |
| 172 | FP | Education | | EXP_ED |
| 173 | FQ | General Services | | EXP_GEN |
| 174 | FR | Fiscal Services | | EXP_FISC |
| 175 | FS | Administrative Services | | EXP_ADM |
| 176 | FT | Unassigned Costs | | EXP_UNASSG |
| | | Operating Expenses by Natural Classification | | |
| 177 | FU | Salaries and Wages | | EXP_SAL |
| 178 | FV | Employee Benefits | | EXP_BEN |
| 179 | FW | Physician Professional Fees | | EXP_PHYS |
| 180 | FX | Other Professional Fees | | EXP_OTHPRO |
| 181 | FY | Supplies | | EXP_SUPP |
| 182 | FZ | Purchased Services | | EXP_PURCH |
| 183 | GA | Depreciation | | EXP_DEPRE |
| 184 | GB | Leases and Rentals | | EXP_LEASES |
| 185 | GC | Insurance - Hospital & Professional Malpractice | | EXP_INSUR |
| 186 | GD | Interest - Working Capital & Other | | EXP_INTRST |
| 187 | GE | All Other Expenses | | EXP_OTH |

| 14 0 100 | Calumn | | Nam | |
|----------|---------------------|--|--------------|--------------|
| No. | Column Reference | Data Item | New Item* | Column Label |
| 140. | Reference | Balance Sheet - Assets | item | Column Laber |
| 188 | GF | Current Assets | | CUR ASST |
| 189 | GG | Assets Whose Use Is Limited | | ASST LIMTD |
| 190 | GH | Net Property, Plant, and Equipment | | NET_PPE |
| 191 | GI | Construction-in-Progress | | CONST_PROG |
| 192 | GJ | Investments and Other Assets | | INV_OTH |
| 193 | GK | Intangible Assets | | INTAN_ASST |
| 194 | GL | Total Assets | | TOT_ASST |
| | | Balance Sheet - Liabilities and Equity | | |
| 195 | GM | Current Liabilities | | CUR_LIAB |
| 196 | GN | Deferred Credits | | DEF_CRED |
| 197 | GO | Net Long-term Debt | | NET_LTDEBT |
| 198 | GP | Equity | | EQUITY |
| 199 | GQ | Total Liabilities and Equity | | LIAB_EQ |
| | | Balance Sheet - Other Items | | |
| 200 | GR | Cash | | CASH |
| 201 | GS | Accounts and Notes Receivable | X | ACCTS_REC |
| 202 | GT | Allowance for Uncollectibles | X | ALLOW_UNCOLL |
| 203 | GU | Buildings and Improvements | | BLDGS |
| 204 | GV | Equipment | | EQUIPMENT |
| 205 | GW | Total Property, Plant and Equipment | | TOT_PPE |
| 206 | GX | Accumulated Depreciation | | ACC_DEPRE |
| 207 | GY | Mortgages Payable | | MORT_PAY |
| 208 | GZ | Capitalized Lease Obligations | | CAP_LEASE |
| 209 | HA | Bonds Payable | | BOND_PAY |
| 210 | HB | Total Long-term Debt | | TOT_LTDEBT |
| 211 | HC | Current Maturities on Long-term Debt | | CUR_MAT |
| 212 | HD | Intercompany Receivables | | INTER_REC |
| 213 | HE | Intercompany Payables | | INTER_PAY |
| | | Labor Information | | |
| 214 | HF | Number of Hospital Paid FTEs | | HOSP_FTE |
| 215 | HG | Average Number of Nursing Personnel | | NURS_EMP |
| 216 | HH | Total Productive Hours | | PROD_HRS |
| 217 | HI | Total Non-Productive Hours | | NON_PRD_HR |
| 218 | HJ | Total Paid Hours | | PAID_HRS |
| 219 | HK | Number of Active Medical Staff | | MED_STAFF |
| 220 | HL | Number of Student FTEs | | STDNT_FTE |

| | Column | | New | |
|-----|-----------|---|-------|--------------|
| No. | Reference | | Item* | Column Label |
| | | Productive Hours by Employee Classification | | |
| 221 | HM | Management and Supervision | | PRD_HR_MGT |
| 222 | HN | Technical and Specialist | | PRD_HR_TCH |
| 223 | НО | Registered Nurses | | PRD_HR_RN |
| 224 | HP | Licensed Vocational Nurses | | PRD_HR_LVN |
| 225 | HQ | Aides and Orderlies | | PRD_HR_AID |
| 226 | HR | Clerical and Other Administrative | | PRD_HR_CLR |
| 227 | HS | Environmental and Food Services | | PRD_HR_ENV |
| 228 | HT | All Other Employee Classifications | | PRD_HR_OTH |
| | | Contracted Labor Hours by Classification | | |
| 229 | HU | Registry Nurses | | CNT_HR_RN |
| 230 | HV | Other Contracted Services | | CNT_HR_OTH |
| | | Paid Hours by Cost Center Group | | |
| 231 | HW | Daily Hospital Services | | PRD_HR_DLY |
| 232 | HX | Ambulatory Services | | PRD_HR_AMB |
| 233 | HY | Ancillary Services | | PRD_HR_ANC |
| 234 | HZ | Research and Education | | PRD_HR_ED |
| 235 | IA | General Services | | PRD_HR_GEN |
| 236 | IB | Fiscal Services | | PRD_HR_FIS |
| 237 | IC | Administrative Services | | PRD_HR_ADM |
| 238 | ID | Non-Operating Cost Centers | | PRD_HR_NON |
| | | Productive Hours by Cost Center Group | | |
| 239 | IE | Daily Hospital Services | | PD_HR_DLY |
| 240 | IF | Ambulatory Services | | PD_HR_AMB |
| 241 | IG | Ancillary Services | | PD_HR_ANC |
| 242 | IH | Research and Education | | PD_HR_ED |
| 243 | II | General Services | | PD_HR_GEN |
| 244 | IJ | Fiscal Services | | PD_HR_FIS |
| 245 | IK | Administrative Services | | PD_HR_ADM |
| 246 | IL | Non-Operating Cost Centers | | PD_HR_NON |

| Data Item | Definition |
|-----------------------------|--|
| ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE | All unpaid charges for medical services that have been provided to patients, including unpaid charges that have been billed to |
| | patients and third-party payers and patient charges that have not been written-off to contractual adjustments, bad debts, or |
| | charity care. See Allowance for Uncollectibles. |
| ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION | The accumulation to date of depreciation expense or that portion of the original cost of depreciable assets which already has |
| | been expensed. Accumulated depreciation relates to all depreciable assets, including land improvements, buildings and |
| | improvements, leasehold improvements, and equipment. Total Property, Plant, and Equipment minus Accumulated |
| | Deprecation equals Net Property, Plant, and Equipment. |
| ACTIVE MEDICAL STAFF | The number of hospital-based and non-hospital based physicians who are voting members of and can hold office in the Medical |
| | Staff organization of the hospital. Includes the Medical Staff classifications of Attending, Associate, and House Staff, but not the |
| | classifications of Courtesy and Consulting. |
| ACUTE | See Type of Care (2). |
| ADDRESS | The street address where the facility is located. |
| ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES | The non-revenue producing cost centers for those services generally associated with the overall management and |
| | administration of a hospital, such as Hospital Administration, Personnel, and Medical Records. |
| AIDES & ORDERLIES | This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in the performance of direct nursing care to patients. |
| | Examples of job titles include Aides, Orderlies, and Nursing Assistant (see Productive Hours for related information). |
| ALL OTHER DEDUCTIONS FROM | All other deductions from revenue other than third-party contractual adjustments, provisions for bad debts, charity care, and |
| REVENUE | restricted donations and subsidies for indigent care. Includes policy discounts; administrative adjustments; and for the |
| | University of California hospitals, Teaching Allowances and Clinical Teaching Support (see Deductions from Revenue). |
| ALL OTHER EMPLOYEE | This employee classification includes all other employee classifications not reported, such as Physicians (Salaried), Non- |
| CLASSIFICATIONS | Physician Medical Practitioners, and Other Salaries and Wages (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of |
| | physician hours is small because California law only allows public hospitals to employ physicians. |
| ALL OTHER EXPENSES | All expenses not classified elsewhere, including utilities, non-professional liability insurance, and telephones (see Operating |
| | Expenses reported by natural classification of expense for related information). |
| ALLOWANCE FOR | The estimated amount of uncollectible receivables from patients and third-party payers, including allowances for bad debts and |
| UNCOLLECTIBLES | charity care. See Accounts Receivable. |
| AMBULATORY SERVICES | The revenue-producing cost centers associated with hospital-based or satellite service locations which emphasize outpatient |
| | care. Patients usually come or are brought to the service locations for treatment and are released the same day. In some |
| | instances, a patient visiting an ambulatory service may be formally admitted to the hospital as an inpatient. Examples of |
| | ambulatory services include Emergency Services, Satellite Clinics, Observation Care, and Home Health Care Services. |
| ANCILLARY SERVICES | The revenue-producing cost centers which perform specific diagnostic or therapeutic services for both inpatients and |
| | outpatients, as distinguished from daily hospital services and ambulatory services. Ancillary services are those special services |
| | for which charges are customarily made in addition to routine charges, such as Labor and Delivery, Radiology-Diagnostic, and |
| | Occupational Therapy. |
| ASSETS WHOSE USE IS LIMITED | Assets whose use is limited either by the hospital's governing board, trust agreement, or other third parties. These assets may |
| | be in the form of cash, marketable securities, pledges, or other investments. See Limited Use Assets. |

| Data Item | Definition |
|-----------------------------|--|
| AVAILABLE BEDS (AVERAGE) | The average daily complement of beds (excluding nursery bassinets) physically existing and actually available for overnight use, |
| | regardless of staffing levels. Excludes beds placed in suspense or in nursing units converted to non-patient care uses which |
| | cannot be placed into service within 24 hours. |
| AVAILABLE BEDS OCCUPANCY | The percentage of available beds occupied during a reporting period. It is calculated by dividing the number of patient (census) |
| RATE | days by the number of bed days. Bed days is the number of days in the reporting period times the number of average available |
| | beds. This occupancy rate is calculated to one decimal place on the Annual Financial Data File and Internet Quarterly Profile. |
| | On the Annual Financial Pivot Table, it's calculated to two decimal places. |
| AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY | The approximate average period of hospitalization (exclusive of long-term care (LTC) services) for formally-admitted inpatients |
| (EXCLUDING LTC) | who were discharged during the report period. By excluding LTC patients, this calculation results in a more comparable statistic, since not all hospitals provide long-term care services. The average is calculated by dividing total non-LTC patient days by the number of non-LTC hospital discharges. Nursery days and discharges are also excluded from this calculation. |
| AVERAGE LENGTH OF STAY | The approximate average period of hospitalization (inclusive of long-term care (LTC) services) for formally-admitted inpatients |
| (INCLUDING LTC) | during the report period. The average is calculated (to one decimal place) by dividing total patient (census) days by the number |
| , | of discharges. Nursery days and discharges are excluded from this calculation. |
| AVERAGE NUMBER OF HOSPITAL | The average number of full-time and part-time hospital employees. Excluded are workers who do not receive a paycheck from |
| EMPLOYEES | the hospital's payroll system, such as non-paid workers, volunteers, registry nursing personnel, and other temporary personnel. |
| | Hospitals which report zero (0) employees did not report expenses for the cost center (General Accounting) from which these statistics were obtained. |
| AVERAGE NUMBER OF NURSING | The average number full-time and part-time nursing service personnel, including RNs, LVNs, aides, orderlies, and ward clerks. |
| PERSONNEL | Also includes registry nursing personnel. Hospitals which report zero (0) employees did not report expenses for the cost center |
| | (Nursing Administration) from which these statistics were obtained |
| BAD DEBTS | See Provision for Bad Debts. |
| BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS | Balance Sheet assets are physical objects (tangible) or rights (intangible) which provide future economic benefits to its owner, or any cost benefiting a future period. This includes Current Assets, Limited Use Assets, Property Plant and Equipment, Construction-in-Progress, Investments and Other Assets, and Intangible Assets. See Balance Sheet. |
| BALANCE SHEET - LIABILITIES | Balance Sheet liabilities are amounts owed by the hospital (debtor) to another entity (creditor) payable in money, or in goods and |
| AND EQUITY | services, and includes Current Liabilities, Deferred Credits, and Long-term Debt. Equity is the operator's interest in the hospital, |
| | or the amount by which a hospital's total assets exceeds its total liabilities. See Balance Sheet. |
| BEDS | The number of beds that are licensed, available, and staffed, excludes beds placed in suspense and nursery bassinets. See |
| | Licensed Beds, Available Beds, and Staffed Beds. |
| BONDS PAYABLE | The amount of unpaid principle related to all bonds as of the report period end date. A bonds is reported as long-term debt and |
| | is a written promise to pay a sum of money at some definite future time. |
| BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS | The cost of all buildings and subsequent additions used in hospital operations. Includes hospital buildings, parking structures, |
| | and fixed equipment. |
| CAPITALIZED LEASE | The amount of unpaid principle related to all capital leases as of the report period end date. A capital lease obligation is a lease |
| OBLIGATIONS | under which the lessee (hospital) records an asset and a long-term liability, and accounts for the lease as an installment |
| | purchase of the leased property. |

| CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - COUNTY INDIGENT PROGRAMS CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - MEDI-CAL CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - MEDI-CARE CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - COUNTY INDIGENT PROGRAMS CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - MEDI-CARE CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - DATE THIRD PARTIES CASH The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. CESAREAN SECTIONS The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery, and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. CLIRICAL AND OTHER The chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or sea and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educat | Data Item | Definition |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE- COUNTY INDIGENT PROGRAMS COUNTY INDIGENT PROGRAMS See Capitation Premium Revenue. The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. CEO TITLE The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually 'Administrator'. The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient, Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER CITY The chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. The chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital or set and or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and deducational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is co | CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE | The total amount of capitated revenue received (per member per month payments) for patients enrolled in managed care health |
| CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - MEDI-CAL ZAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - MEDI-CAL ZAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - MEDI-CARE ZAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - DATHER THIRD PARTIES CASH The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". CESAREAN SECTIONS The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHEEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The clip in which the hospital is located. The chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital son-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROG | | |
| CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - MEDI-CAL See Capitation Premium Revenue. MEDI-CAL See Capitation Premium Revenue. MEDI-CAL See Capitation Premium Revenue. See Capitation Premium Revenue. See Capitation Premium Revenue. The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. This city in which the hospital is located. This imployee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visit | CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - | See Capitation Premium Revenue. |
| See Capitation Premium Revenue. The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. The title of the hospital SECO, which is usually "Administrator". The number of bables delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). The City in which the hospital is located. The | COUNTY INDIGENT PROGRAMS | |
| See Capitation Premium Revenue. The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. The title of the hospital SECO, which is usually "Administrator". The number of bables delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). The City in which the hospital is located. The | | |
| See Capitation Premium Revenue. MeDICARE CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - See Capitation Premium Revenue. See Capitation Premium Revenue. See Capitation Premium Revenue. See Capitation Premium Revenue. The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. SEO TITLE The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. The cly in | | See Capitation Premium Revenue. |
| MEDICARE CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - See Capitation Premium Revenue. CASH The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. CEO TITLE The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". CESAREAN SECTIONS The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient, includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE The number of patients visiting the hospital's no-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) The accumulated cost of construction that is i | | |
| CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE - See Capitation Premium Revenue. The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". CESAREAN SECTIONS The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The clip is which the hospital is located. This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). CILINIC VISITS The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpat | | See Capitation Premium Revenue. |
| CASH The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visit | | Con Comitation Promises Promises |
| The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. DEO TITLE The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CILINIC VISITS The city in which the hospital is located. The city in which the hospital is located. The unmber of patients visiting the hospital son-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually | | See Capitation Premium Revenue. |
| checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. CEO TITLE The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The clip in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of th | OTHER THIRD PARTIES | |
| checking accounts, savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and treasury notes. CEO TITLE The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The clip in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of th | CVEH | The amount of cash on deposit in banks and immediately available for use in financing Unrestricted Fund activities. Includes |
| The title of the hospital's CEO, which is usually "Administrator". The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). CLINIC VISITS The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset acc | CASII | |
| The number of babies delivered through a surgical abdominal incision, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONT | CEO TITLE | |
| Surgery and Recovery, and the Alternate Birthing Center. CHARITY - HILL-BURTON The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). CHARITY - OTHER The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHEERICAL DEPENDENCY The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). CLINIC VISITS The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the jo | | |
| The amount of charity care provided by hospitals to satisfy obligations related to the federal Hill-Burton Program. It is the difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. CITY The indifference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patients who are unable to pay for all or patients who are unable to approvide by on non-county (see Deductions from Revenue). CITY The city in which the hospital is located. The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for ea | OLGARIZAN GEGITGING | |
| difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CHARITY - HILL-BURTON | |
| Daid by or on behalf of the patient (see Deductions from Revenue). The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | | |
| The difference between gross patient revenue (based on full established charges) for services rendered to patients who are unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE CLINIC VISITS The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | | |
| unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHEMICAL OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. CITY The city in which the hospital is located. This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). CLINIC VISITS The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CHARITY - OTHER | |
| Revenue). CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY See Type of Care (2). CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE CLINIC VISITS The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | | unable to pay for all or part of the services provided, and the amount paid by or on behalf of the patient. Includes charity care |
| CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | | provided by non-county hospitals to indigent patients whose care is not the responsibility of the county (see Deductions from |
| The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. The city in which the hospital is located. The city in which the hospital is located. This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | | Revenue). |
| The city in which the hospital is located. CLERICAL AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE CLINIC VISITS The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY | |
| This employee classification includes non-technical personnel employed in record keeping, communication, and other administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER | The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the hospital, or the person in charge of day-to-day operations of the hospital. |
| ADMINISTRATIVE administrative-type functions (see Productive Hours for related information). The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CITY | |
| The number of patients visiting the hospital's on-site and/or satellite Clinics for diagnostic, preventative, curative, rehabilitative, and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CLERICAL AND OTHER | |
| and educational services on a scheduled basis during the reporting period. A Clinic visit is counted for each appearance of a person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | ADMINISTRATIVE | |
| person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CLINIC VISITS | |
| CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | | |
| construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | | person to each separately organized clinic, and includes inpatient and outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) |
| construction project, the asset is reclassified to the appropriate capital asset accounts, such as land and buildings. CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CONSTRUCTION-IN-PROGRESS | The accumulated cost of construction that is in progress and eventually used in hospital operations. Upon completion of the |
| CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CONTROCTION IN TROCKESS | |
| payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | | ostrolitation project, the about to residestined to the appropriate suprair about about a fair and buildings. |
| payroll system (see Productive Hours). Contracted Labor Hours are reported by the following classifications: Registry Nurses, | CONTRACTED LABOR HOURS | Total hours actually worked or on the job for those individuals who work at the hospital, but are not paid through the hospital's |
| | | |
| and only contracted contract food dominated of dutil for filled details. | | and Other Contracted Services (see definitions of each for more detail). |

| Data Item | Definition |
|-----------------------------|---|
| CONTRACTUAL ADJUSTMENTS | The difference between billings at full established rates and amounts received or receivable from third-party payers under formal |
| | contract agreements. Contractual adjustments may be reported for the following payer categories: Medicare - Traditional, |
| | Medicare - Managed Care, Medi-Cal - Traditional, Medi-Cal - Managed Care, County Indigent Programs - Traditional, County |
| | Indigent Programs - Managed Care, Other Third Parties - Traditional, and Other Third Parties - Managed Care. (See definitions |
| | of each payer category or Payer Categories for more detail, also see Deductions from Revenue) |
| COST CENTER GROUP | See Operating Expenses. |
| COUNTY APPROPRIATIONS | The amount of revenue received by county hospitals from a county's general fund or other county funds, including Realignment |
| | Funds which do not relate directly to patient care. These amounts are reported as non-operating revenue. |
| COUNTY INDIGENT PROGRAMS - | The County Indigent Programs - Managed Care category includes indigent patients covered under Welfare and Institutions |
| MANAGED CARE | Code Section 17000 and are covered by a managed care plan funded by a county. This category was previously reported in the |
| | Other Third Parties category (see Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories). |
| COUNTY INDIGENT PROGRAMS - | The County Indigent Programs - Traditional category includes indigent patients covered under Welfare and Institution Code |
| TRADITIONAL | Section 17000 and was previously reported in the County Indigent Programs category. Also included are patients paid for in |
| | whole or in part by the County Medical Services Program (CMSP), California Health Care for Indigent Program (CHIP or tobacco |
| | tax funds), and other funding sources whether or not a bill is rendered. This category also includes indigent patients who are |
| | provided care in county hospitals, or in certain non county hospitals where no county-operated hospital exists, whether or not a |
| | bill is rendered (see Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories). |
| COUNTY NAME | The name of the county in which the hospital is located. There are 58 counties in California. Please note that no hospitals are |
| | located in the County of Alpine. |
| CURRENT ASSETS | Unrestricted cash and other assets, such as marketable securities, accounts receivable, and inventory, that will be converted |
| | into cash, or will be used, during a normal operating cycle, which is generally one year. These items are often viewed as being |
| | indicative of short-term debt-paying ability. See Balance Sheet - Assets. |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | The short-term debt or obligations that, according to reasonable expectations, are to be satisfied within a normal operating |
| | cycle, or one year, whichever is longer. Examples include accounts payable, accrued compensation and related liabilities, and |
| | short-term intercompany payables. See Balance Sheet - Liabilities. |
| CURRENT MATURITIES ON LONG- | The amount of long-term debt that is due within one year from the report period end date. Total Long-term Debt minus Current |
| TERM DEBT | Maturities on Long-term Debt equals Net Long-term Debt. |
| DAILY HOSPITAL SERVICES | The revenue-producing cost centers associated with general, routine, and continuous nursing care services, and room and |
| | board accommodations, provided to an inpatient who is formally admitted to a medical or nursing unit within the hospital. |
| | Examples are Coronary Care, Obstetrics Acute, and Skilled Nursing Care. |
| DATA STATUS INDICATOR | Indicates if the report for that hospital has completed OSHPD's desk audit (AUDITED) or is still in the process of being desk |
| | audited (IN PROCESS). Please note that hospitals may submit revisions to a report subsequent to our completion of the desk |
| | audit. |
| DAYS IN REPORT PERIOD | The number of calendar days in the reporting period. For most hospitals, this value is 365. A different number usually indicates |
| | that the hospital opened or closed, or had a change in licensure or fiscal year end date during the reporting cycle. |
| | |

| Data Item | Definition |
|-----------------------------|---|
| | |
| DEDUCTIONS FROM REVENUE | The difference between gross patient revenue (charges based at full established rates) and amounts received from patients or third-party payers for services performed. Includes: Provisions for Bad Debts, Contractual Adjustments, Disproportionate Share Payments for Medi-Cal (SB 855), Charity - Hill Burton, Charity - Other, Restricted Donations and Subsidies for Indigent Care, and All Other Deductions from Revenue which reduce gross patient revenue (see definitions of each for more detail). |
| | Capitation Premium Revenue is reported separately from deductions from revenue. This amount on the Annual Financial Pivot |
| | Tables has been adjusted to reflect Medi-Cal DSH funds transferred back to related organizations, and includes Capitation Premium Revenue. |
| DEFERRED CREDITS | The amount of revenue received or recorded before it is earned, such as deferred income taxes or deferred third-party income. |
| | See Balance Sheet - Liabilities. |
| DEPRECIATION | The expenses recorded to spread the cost of a capital asset over its estimated useful life. Includes depreciation expenses for buildings, fixed and movable equipment, land improvements, and leasehold improvements (see Operating Expenses reported |
| | by natural classification of expense for related information). |
| DISCHARGES | A discharge is the formal release of a formally admitted inpatient from the hospital, including deaths at the hospital. Also included is the transfer (discharge) of an inpatient from one type of care (Acute Care, Psychiatric Care, Chemical Dependency Care, Rehabilitation Care, Long-Term Care, and Residential Care) to another type of care within the hospital (see definition of |
| | Type of Care (2) for more detail). Excludes nursery discharges and service discharges, which are transfers within a type of care and purchased inpatient discharges. Discharges are reported by ten payer categories (see Payer Categories for more detail). |
| DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE | The amount of Medi-Cal disproportionate share payments provided by SB 855 and/or SB 1255, SB 1732, and/or Graduate |
| FUNDS TRANSFERRED TO | Medical Education that were transferred from the hospital to a related public entity. Only county, district, and University of |
| RELATED ENTITY | California hospitals will report this item. This is an optional field on the Quarterly Report. (See Disproportionate Share |
| | Payments for Medi-Cal Patient Days (SB 855) for related data item.) |
| DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE | The amount of supplemental Medi-Cal payments received by those hospitals which serve a high percentage of Medi-Cal and |
| PAYMENTS FOR MEDI-CAL | other low-income patients, as provided by SB 855 (Statutes of 1991). These payments are funded by intergovernmental |
| PATIENT DAYS (SB 855) | transfers from public agencies (counties, districts, and the University of California system) to the State and from federal matching funds. SB 855 Disproportionate Share Payments are received by qualifying hospitals for each Medi-Cal paid inpatient |
| | day, up to a certain maximum, and are included in Medi-Cal Net Patient Revenue. Since disproportionate share payments have |
| | a credit balance, the value of this item will be negative. Medi-Cal disproportionate share payments provided by SB 1255 |
| | Emergency Services Disproportionate Share (Statutes of 1989), SB 1732 Construction and Renovation Reimbursement |
| | (Statutes of 1988), and/or SB 1130 Graduate Medical Education (Statutes of 1997) are directly offset against Medi-Cal |
| | Contractual Adjustments and are not reported separately or included here. (See Disproportionate Share Funds Transferred to |
| DISTRICT ASSESSMENT REVENUE | The amount of revenue received by district hospitals through assessments, property taxes and revenue apportioned or allocated |
| | by a county, tax assessments for debt service, and funds provided by the State to compensate for lost revenue. These amounts are reported as non-operating revenue. |
| EDUCATION | The non-revenue producing cost centers generally associated with the formal education of residents, nurses, and other health |
| LEGGATION | professionals. Examples of education cost centers include School or Nursing, Medical Postgraduate Education, and |
| | Paramedical Education. In-service education activities are not included within these cost centers. |

| Data Item | Definition |
|----------------------------|--|
| | |
| EMERGENCY ROOM (ER) VISITS | The number of patients visiting the hospital's Emergency Room (ER) for medical, surgical, or psychiatric care on an unscheduled basis during the reporting period. These may include some non-emergency visits for patients who use the emergency room for non-emergency care. An ER visit is counted for each appearance of a patient to an emergency services unit of the hospital, regardless if the patient is formally admitted as an inpatient to the hospital or treated and released from the hospital as an outpatient. (Also see Outpatient Visits .) |
| EMPLOYEE BENEFITS | Employee labor expenses that are considered benefits, and not compensation for actual time worked, which is salaries and wages. Examples of employee benefits are paid vacation, sick leave, holiday time-off, group health and life insurance, pension and retirement, worker's compensation insurance, and hospital-paid payroll taxes (see Operating Expenses reported by natural classification of expense for related information). |
| ENVIRONMENTAL AND FOOD | This employee classification includes personnel employed in providing the basic needs for food and accommodations. They |
| SERVICES | perform routine work of a non-technical nature. It includes job titles such as Housekeeping Aide, Cook's Helper, Guard, and Maintenance Person (see Productive Hours for related information). |
| EQUIPMENT | The cost of major movable and minor equipment used in hospital operations that will be capitalized over an estimated useful life. |
| EQUITY | The operator's interest in the hospital, or the amount by which a hospital's total assets exceeds its total liabilities. Public and non-profit hospitals often refer to Equity as Fund Balance. Negative equity indicates that total liabilities exceed total assets. |
| ER TRAUMA CENTER | Indicates if the hospital is a designated trauma center and the level of that designation, as determined by a local Emergency |
| DESIGNATION | Medical Services Agency. There are three trauma center levels, with level 1 representing the highest designation. A zero (0) indicates that the hospital is not designated as a trauma center. |
| EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS | Revenue received or expenses incurred from events that will, in all likelihood, never occur again, e.g., a major casualty loss due to a fire. Items are generally recorded as expense (losses), but a negative amount indicates revenue (gain). |
| FACILITY DBA NAME | The name under which the facility is doing business. This name may be an abbreviation and/or differ from the facility's legal name. |
| FISCAL SERVICES | The non-revenue producing cost centers for those services generally associated with the fiscal operations of a hospital, including such cost centers as General Accounting, Patient Accounting, and Admitting. |
| GENERAL SERVICES | The non-revenue producing cost centers for those services generally associated with the operation and maintenance of a hospital, including such cost centers as Dietary, Laundry and Linen, Housekeeping, and Plant Operations and Maintenance. |
| GROSS INPATIENT REVENUE | Total inpatient charges at the hospital's full established rates for daily hospital services, inpatient ambulatory services, and inpatient ancillary services before deductions from revenue are applied. Total charges for supplies and drugs sold to inpatients are included. Gross inpatient revenue is reported by ten payer categories (see Payer Categories for more detail). |
| GROSS OUTPATIENT REVENUE | Total outpatient charges at the hospital's full established rates for outpatient ambulatory and outpatient ancillary services before deductions from revenue are applied. Total charges for supplies and drugs sold to outpatients are included Gross outpatient revenue is reported by ten payer categories (see Payer Categories for more detail). |

| Data Item | Definition |
|--|--|
| GROSS PATIENT REVENUE | The total charges at the hospital's full established rates for the provision of patient care services before deductions from revenue |
| | are applied. Includes charges related to hospital-based physician professional services. Other operating revenue, capitation |
| | premium revenue, and nonoperating revenue are excluded. Gross Patient Revenue is reported by the following revenue center |
| | groups: Daily Hospital Services, Ambulatory Services, and Ancillary Services (see the definition of each revenue center group |
| | for more detail). |
| HEALTH FACILITY PLANNING | A numeric code denoting the Health Facility Planning Area (HFPA) in which the hospital is located. The HFPA is a geographic |
| AREA (HFPA) | subdivision of a Health Service Area (HSA) and is defined by OSHPD for evaluating existing and required hospitals and |
| | services. |
| HEALTH SERVICE AREA (HSA) | A numeric code denoting the HSA in which the hospital is located. The HSAs geographic area, consisting of one or more |
| NUMBER | contiguous counties, is designated by the Federal Department of Health and Human Services for health planning on a regional |
| | basis. The 14 HSAs in California are: 1) Northern California, 2) Golden Empire, 3) North Bay, 4) West Bay, 5) East Bay, 6) North |
| | San Joaquin, 7) Santa Clara, 8) Mid-Coast, 9) Central, 10) Santa Barbara/Ventura, 11) Los Angeles County, 12) Inland |
| | Counties, 13) Orange County, and 14) San Diego/Imperial. |
| HOME HEALTH CARE VISITS | The number of appearances of a hospital's Home Health Care representative to the residence of a home health care patient. |
| | These appearances, by definition, may only be counted as outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits.) |
| HOSPITAL OWNER | The owner or parent organization who is licensed to operate the hospital. |
| HOSPITAL PAID FTES | The number of full-time equivalent employees (FTEs), or the sum of total paid hours (whether worked or not) for all employees |
| | divided by 2,080. Excluded are workers who do not receive a paycheck from the hospital's payroll system, such as non-paid |
| | workers, volunteers, registry nursing personnel, and other temporary personnel. |
| HOSPITAL WEB-SITE ADDRESS | The URL (Uniform Resource Locator) of the hospital's web-site. |
| INCOME, GAINS & LOSSES FROM | The amount of interest, dividends, or other income on investments as well as net gains or losses resulting from investments. |
| UNRESTRICTED INVESTMENTS | This amount is reported as non-operating revenue. |
| INDEPENDENT AUDIT INDICATOR | This field indicates if the submitted Hospital Annual Disclosure Report INCLUDES or EXCLUDES audit adjustments made by an |
| INSURANCE - HOSPITAL & | independent auditor. The cost incurred related to professional liability insurance. Also includes the cost of self-insurance that has been actuarially |
| | determined (see Operating Expenses reported by natural classification of expense for related information). |
| PROFESSIONAL MALPRACTICE INTANGIBLE ASSETS | Non-current assets lacking physical existence that have future economic benefits because of the rights they afford the |
| INTANGIBLE ASSETS | possessor. The cost of an intangible asset is often amortized over its expected useful life. Examples include goodwill, |
| | unamortized loan costs, and preopening costs. See Balance Sheet - Assets . |
| INTERCOMPANY PAYABLES | The amount payable to a related organization. Includes both current (less than one year) and non-current (greater than one |
| INTERCOMPANT PATABLES | year) payables. Non-Current Intercompany Payables are included in Net Long-term Debt and Total Long-term Debt even |
| | |
| INTERCOMPANY RECEIVABLES | though there may be no specified interest rates or payment due dates. The amount receivable from a related organization. Includes both current (less than one year) and non-current (greater than |
| INTERCONFANT RECEIVABLES | one year) receivables. |
| INTERCOMPANY TRANSFERS | The amount of funds transferred to (negative amounts) or received from (positive amounts) a related organization or entity, |
| INTERCOMPANT TRANSFERS | excluding those transfers related to SB 855 and/or SB 1255 (See Disproportionate Share Funds Transferred to Related |
| | Entity). These transfers directly affect the hospital's equity. |
| | Entry). These transfers directly affect the hospitars equity. |

| Data Item | Definition |
|-------------------------------|--|
| INTEREST - WORKING CAPITAL & | The expenses incurred on borrowings for working capital purposes, such as short-term notes payable; and all long-term debt, |
| OTHER | such as mortgage notes and bonds payable (see Operating Expenses reported by natural classification of expense for related |
| | information). This is listed as Interest on the Annual Financial Pivot Table. |
| INVESTMENTS AND OTHER | Non-current assets which do not fit other asset categories. Examples include investments in property, plant, and equipment not |
| ASSETS | used in hospital operations, and long-term intercompany receivables. See Balance Sheet - Assets. |
| LEASES AND RENTALS | The cost related to the lease and rental of buildings, equipment, and leasehold improvements (see Operating Expenses |
| | reported by natural classification of expense for related information). |
| LICENSED BEDS (END OF PERIOD) | The number of licensed beds (excluding beds placed in suspense and nursery bassinets) stated on the hospital license at the |
| | end of the reporting period. |
| LICENSED BEDS OCCUPANCY | The percentage of licensed beds occupied during a reporting period. It is calculated by dividing the number of patient (census) |
| RATE | days by the number of bed days. Bed days is the number of days in the reporting period times the number of licensed beds at |
| | the end of the report period. This occupancy rate is calculated to one decimal place on the Annual Financial Data File and |
| | Internet Quarterly Profile. On the Annual Financial Data File, it is calculated to two decimal places. |
| | |
| LICENSED VOCATIONAL NURSES | Includes Licensed Vocational Nurses (LVNs) employed in the performance of direct nursing care to patients. Those LVNs not |
| | providing direct nursing care to patients are classified according to assigned duties. |
| LONG-TERM CARE | See Type of Care (2). |
| MANAGED CARE | Managed care patients are patients enrolled in a managed care plan to receive health care from providers on a pre-negotiated |
| | or per diem basis, usually involving utilization review (includes Health Maintenance Organizations (HMO), Health Maintenance |
| | Organizations with Point-of-Service option (POS), Preferred Provider Organizations (PPO), Exclusive Provider Organizations |
| | (EPO), Exclusive Provider Organizations with Point-of-Service option, etc.). Also see Payer Categories for related information. |
| MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISION | Employees included in this classification are primarily involved in the direction, supervision, and coordination of hospital |
| | activities. Typical job titles are Administrator, Director, Manager, and Supervisor (see Productive Hours for related |
| | information). |
| MEDI-CAL - MANAGED CARE | This payer category includes patients covered by a managed care plan funded by Medi-Cal and was previously reported in the |
| | Other Third Parties category. (See Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories. See also Managed Care .) |
| | and thing that are satisfied to a set of the territorial payor satisfied to an area managed satisfied. |
| MEDI-CAL - TRADITIONAL | The Medi-Cal-Traditional category includes patients who are qualified as needy under state laws and was previously reported in |
| | the Medi-Cal category. (See Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories) |
| MEDI-CAL CONTRACT PROVIDER | The Medi-Cal provider number of the hospital if it has a contract with the California Medical Assistance Commission to be a |
| NUMBER | Medi-Cal contract provider. |
| MEDI-CAL NON-CONTRACT | The Medi-Cal provider number of the hospital if it is a Medi-Cal non-contract provider, or is a contract provider that has certain |
| PROVIDER NUMBER | services which are provided to Medi-Cal patients on a non-contract basis. |
| MEDICARE - MANAGED CARE | The Medicare - Managed Care category includes patients who are covered by a managed care plan funded by Medicare and |
| | was previously reported in the Other Third Parties category. (See Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories. See |
| | also Managed Care.) |
| MEDICARE - TRADITIONAL | The Medicare - Traditional category includes patients covered under the Social Security Amendments of 1965 and was |
| | previously reported in the Medicare category. These patients are primarily the aged and needy. (See Payer Categories for a |
| | list of the ten payer categories) |

| Data Item | Definition |
|--|---|
| MEDICARE PROVIDER NUMBER | The Medicare provider number of the hospital. We formatted this field using an underline (99_9999) instead of a hyphen (99-9999) to accommodate Excel software. |
| MORTGAGES PAYABLE | The amount of unpaid principle related to all mortgages as of the report period end date. A mortgage payable is a pledge of designated property as security for a loan. |
| NATURAL BIRTHS | The number of babies delivered without surgery, including deliveries performed in Labor and Delivery, Alternate Birthing Centers, Emergency Services, and other locations. |
| NATURAL CLASSIFICATION | A classification of operating expenses, such as salaries and wages, employee benefits, etc. See Operating Expenses . |
| NET FROM OPERATIONS | Total Operating Revenue less Total Operating Expenses (see definitions of each for more detail). This is the net income resulting from providing patient care in the hospital during the reporting period, exclusive of non-operating revenue and expenses. This amount on the Annual Financial Pivot Tables has been adjusted to reflect Medi-Cal DSH funds transferred back to related organizations. Total Operating Revenue is defined as Net Patient Revenue plus Other Operating Revenue. |
| NET INCOME | The amount of income from operations plus non-operating revenue net of non-operating expense less provision for income taxes, and extraordinary items. A negative value indicates a net loss. This amount on the Annual Financial Pivot Tables has been adjusted to reflect Medi-Cal DSH funds transferred back to related organizations. |
| NET LONG-TERM DEBT | The amount of liabilities which are not expected to be satisfied within one year of the end of the reporting period. This amount reflects the reduction for that portion of the debt which is expected to be satisfied the next year. Includes mortgage notes, capitalized lease obligations, bonds payable, and long-term intercompany payables. See Balance Sheet - Liabilities . |
| NET PATIENT REVENUE | Gross Patient Revenue plus Capitation Premium Revenue less Deductions from Revenue (see definitions of each for more detail). This amount is more comparable than gross patient revenue because it indicates the actual amount received from patients and third party payers. Includes Medi-Cal DSH funds before any transfers to related entities and Capitation Premium Revenue. Net Patient Revenue is reported by 10 payer categories (see Payer Categories for more detail). |
| NET PROPERTY, PLANT, AND | The cost of depreciable assets used in hospital operations, such as land, buildings, and equipment, less related accumulated |
| EQUIPMENT (PPE) NON-OPERATING COST CENTERS | depreciation. Excludes construction-in-progress. See Balance Sheet - Assets. See Non-Operating Expenses. |
| NON-OPERATING EXPENSES | Expenses incurred for services that are not directly related to the provision of health care services. Examples of non-operating expenses include loss on sale of hospital property, and the expenses associated with operating a medical office building and retail operations (gift shop). |
| NON-OPERATING REVENUE | Revenue received or recognized for services that are not directly related to the provision of health care services. Examples of non-operating revenue include unrestricted contributions, income and gains from investments, and various government assessments, taxes, and appropriations. |
| NURSERY BASSINETS | The average number of bassinets in the Nursery Acute cost center. These nursery bassinets are not included in the count of licensed, available, or staffed beds. |
| NURSERY DAYS | The number of census days in the Nursery Acute cost center for the reporting period. Nursery days are excluded from the count of Patient (Census) Days. |

| Data Item | Definition |
|------------------------------|--|
| NURSERY DISCHARGES | The number of infants discharged from the Nursery Acute cost center during the reporting period. A nursery discharge is counted when an infant is formally released from the hospital, dies in the hospital, or requires extraordinary care and is transferred (formally admitted as an inpatient) to Neonatal Intensive Care or a pediatric cost center. Nursery discharges are excluded from the count of Hospital Discharges. |
| NURSERY INFORMATION | Data items that relate to the hospital's Nursery Acute cost center, which provides daily nursing care for normal newborn infants, premature infants not requiring extraordinary care, and boarder babies. Infants requiring extraordinary care are typically discharged from Nursery Acute (a nursery discharge) and formally admitted as an inpatient to Neonatal Intensive Care or a pediatric cost center. |
| OCCUPANCY RATES | See definitions for Licensed Beds Occupancy Rate, Available Beds Occupancy Rate, or Staffed Beds Occupancy Rate. |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | The total direct expenses incurred by various cost center groups for providing patient care by the hospital. Direct expenses include salaries and wages, employee benefits, professional fees, supplies, purchased services, and other expenses. Operating expenses are reported for the following 11 Cost Center Groups : Daily Hospital Services, Ambulatory Services, Ancillary Services, Purchased Inpatient Services, Purchased Outpatient Services, Research, Education, General Services, Fiscal Services, Administrative Services, and Unassigned Costs (see the definition of each cost center group for more detail). Cost center groups which generate revenue are also called Revenue Center Groups . Operating expenses are also reported for the following 11 categories of Natural Classifications : Salaries and Wages, Employee Benefits, Physician Professional Fees, Other Professional Fees, Supplies, Purchased Services, Depreciation, Leases and Rentals, Insurance - Hospital & Professional Malpractice, Interest - Working Capital & Other, and All Other Expenses (see definition of each classification for |
| OPERATING MINUTES INPATIENT | |
| OPERATING MINUTES OUTPATIENT | The number of operating minutes related to outpatient surgeries performed during the reporting period. Operating minutes are defined as the difference between starting time (beginning of anesthesia) and ending time (end of anesthesia). If anesthesia is not administered, starting and ending times are defined as the beginning and end, respectively, of surgery. |
| OPERATING ROOMS | The number of operating rooms located at the hospital and any discrete operating rooms existing at Satellite Ambulatory Surgery Centers. Operating rooms located at the hospital may be exclusively for inpatients or outpatients, or may be combined inpatient/outpatient operating rooms. |
| OSHPD FACILITY NUMBER | A nine-digit hospital identification number assigned by OSHPD for reporting purposes. OSHPD Facility numbers are typically based on a facility's operating license and not site. |
| OTHER CONTRACTED SERVICES | , i v |
| OTHER INDIGENT | The Other Indigent category includes indigent patients who are being provided charity care by the hospital and U.C. teaching hospital patients who are provided care with Support for Clinical Teaching funds. This category excludes those who are recorded in the Count Indigent Programs category and This category is included in the Other Payers category on the 1995-99 Annual Financial Pivot Tables. (see Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories). |

| Data Item | Definition |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| OTHER OPERATING REVENUE | Revenue generated by health care operations from non-patient care services to patients and others. Examples include non-patient food sales, refunds and rebates, supplies sold to non-patients, and Medical Records abstract sales. Does not include interest income or Capitation Premium Revenue. |
| OTHER PAYERS | For 2000 Annual Financial data, the Other Payers category includes all patients who do not belong in the other nine payer categories, such as those designated as self-pay (see Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories). This category excludes the Other Indigent Payer Category on the 2000 Annual Financial Pivot Table. (See All Other Payers .) |
| OTHER PROFESSIONAL FEES | The fees paid for non-physician professional services provided by therapists, consultants, legal counsel, auditors, and registry nursing personnel (see Operating Expenses reported by natural classification of expense for related information). |
| OTHER THIRD PARTIES - MANAGED CARE | The Other Third Parties - Managed Care category includes patients covered by managed care plans other than those funded by Medicare, Medi-Cal, or a county; and was previously reported in the Other Third Parties category. Patients enrolled in the Healthy Families program are reported here. (See Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories. See also Managed Care .) |
| OTHER THIRD PARTIES - TRADITIONAL | The Other Third Parties - Traditional category includes all other forms of health coverage excluding managed care plans. Examples include Short-Doyle, CHAMPUS, IRCA/SLIAG, California Children's Services, indemnity plans, fee-for-service plans, and Workers' Compensation. This category was previously reported in the Other Third Parties category. (See Payer Categories for a list of the ten payer categories) |
| OUTPATIENT VISITS | A visit is an appearance of an outpatient in the hospital for ambulatory services or the appearance of a private referred outpatient in the hospital for ancillary services. In both instances, the patient is typically treated and released the same day, and is not formally admitted as an inpatient, even though occasional overnight stays may occur. Included are outpatient Emergency Room Visits, outpatient Clinic Visits, Referred (ancillary service) Visits, Home Health Care Visits, and day care days, where the outpatient is treated and released the same day. Also included are outpatient chemical dependency visits, hospice outpatient visits, and adult day health care visits. Outpatient visits are reported by ten payer categories (see Payer Categories for more detail). |
| PAID HOURS | Total hours paid on the job, whether worked or not. Excluded are hours for workers who do not receive a paycheck from the hospital's payroll system, such as non-paid workers, volunteers, registry nursing personnel, and other temporary personnel. Paid hours are reported for the following eight cost center groups: Daily Hospital Services, Ambulatory Services, Ancillary Services, Research and Education, General Services, Fiscal Services, Administrative Services, and Non-Operating Cost Centers (see definitions of each for more detail). |
| PATIENT (CENSUS) DAYS | The number of census days that all formally admitted inpatients spent in the hospital during the reporting period. Patient days include the day of admission, but not the day of discharge. If both admission and discharge occur on the same day, one patient day is counted. Nursery days and Purchased Inpatient Days are excluded. Patient days are reported by 10 payer categories (see Payer Categories for more detail). |

| Data Item | Definition |
|-----------------------------|---|
| PAYER CATEGORIES | Annual and Quarterly Reports include financial and utilization data by payer category, which is defined as the third-party or |
| | individual who is responsible for the predominate portion of a patient's bill. For 2000 Annual and Quarterly Reports, the Office |
| | established 10 payer categories: Medicare - Traditional, Medicare - Managed Care, Medi-Cal - Traditional, Medi-Cal - Managed |
| | Care, County Indigent Programs - Traditional, County Indigent Programs - Managed Care, Other Third Parties - Traditional, |
| | Other Third Parties - Managed Care, Other Indigent, and Other Payers (see definition of each payer category for more detail). |
| | On the 1995-99 Annual Financial Pivot Tables, only five payer categories (Medicare, Medi-Cal, County Indigent Programs, Other |
| DUONE NUMBER | Third Parties, and Other Payers) were used. |
| PHONE NUMBER | The main business phone number of the hospital. |
| PHYSICIAN PROFESSIONAL FEES | The professional fees incurred relating to physicians (see Operating Expenses reported by natural classification of expense for |
| PRODUCTIVE HOURS | related information). Total hours actually worked, including paid time spent attending meetings and educational activities at or away from the hospital. |
| PRODUCTIVE HOURS | Includes operating and non-operating cost centers. Included are hours for workers who do not receive a paycheck from the |
| | hospital's payroll system, such as registry nursing personnel and other temporary personnel. Does not include non-productive |
| | hours or "on-call" hours. Productive hours are reported by the following Employee Classifications : Management and |
| | Supervision, Technical and Specialist, Registered Nurses, Licensed Vocational Nurses, Aides & Orderlies, Clerical and Other |
| | Administrative, Environmental and Food Services, and All Other Employee Classifications (see definitions of each for more |
| | detail). On the selected data files, Productive hours are reported by the following Cost Center Groups : Daily Hospital |
| | Services, Ambulatory Services, Ancillary Services, Research and Education, General Services, Fiscal Services, Administrative |
| | |
| PROVISION FOR BAD DEBTS | Services, and Non-Operating Cost Centers (see definitions of each for more detail). The amount of accounts receivable which are determined to be uncollectible due to the patient's unwillingness to pay. This |
| | amount is charged as a credit loss against gross patient revenue. Bad debts are classified as deductions from revenue, and not |
| | included in operating expenses (see Deductions from Revenue). |
| PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES | The sum of current and deferred income taxes incurred by the hospital. This item applies only to investor hospitals. |
| PSYCHIATRIC | See Type of Care (2). |
| | The number of purchased inpatient days related to hospital patients enrolled in managed care health plans in which the |
| ` , | reporting hospital was unable to provide services on-site and was required under contract to purchase these services from |
| | another hospital. Purchased inpatient days are excluded from the count of Patient (census) Days. |
| PURCHASED INPATIENT | Inpatient services purchased under contract from another hospital on an arranged basis for patients who are not formally |
| SERVICES | admitted as inpatients of the purchasing hospital. This situation may arise due to managed care contract requirements or the |
| | lack of appropriate hospital technology at the purchasing hospital. The reporting of these data are optional on the Quarterly |
| | Report. |
| PURCHASED OUTPATIENT | A cost center that is used to report the cost of obtaining outpatient care from another hospital. This cost is incurred when a |
| SERVICES | hospital is unable to provide certain outpatient services on-site and must "purchase" these services from another hospital. This |
| | typically occurs because of contractual obligations related to capitation arrangements. The expenses outpatient ambulatory |
| | services and ancillary services provided by and purchased from the other hospital. This is an optional data item for the |
| | Quarterly Report. |
| PURCHASED SERVICES | The expenses incurred relating to services purchased from an outside contractor or vendor, such as diagnostic imaging |
| | services, equipment repairs and maintenance, and collection services. Also includes fees paid to a related organization for |
| | management services and inpatient services purchased from another hospital (see Operating Expenses reported by natural |
| | classification of expense for related information). |

| Data Item | Definition |
|-----------------------------|--|
| REFERRED OUTPATIENT VISITS | The number of appearances of a private referred outpatient in the hospital for diagnostic or therapeutic ancillary services. The |
| | patient is typically referred to the hospital by a private physician or another health care institution. These appearances, by |
| | definition, may only be counted as outpatient visits. (Also see Outpatient Visits .) |
| REGISTERED NURSES | Includes only Registered Nurses (RNs) employed in the performance of direct nursing care to patients. RNs functioning as |
| | supervisors or instructors are classified as Management and Supervision or Technical and Specialist, respectively (see |
| | Productive Hours for related information). On the Annual Financial Pivot Tables, this field includes Registry Nurses. |
| REGISTRY NURSES | This classification includes registry nursing personnel, such as RNs, LVNs, aides, and orderlies, contracted on a temporary |
| | basis (also see Contracted Labor Hours). |
| REHABILITATION | See Type of Care (2). |
| REPORT PERIOD BEGIN DATE | The first day of the reporting period (YYYYMMDD). |
| REPORT PERIOD END DATE | The last day of the reporting period (YYYYMMDD). |
| REPORT PREPARER | The name of the individual who completed the Hospital Annual Disclosure Report. |
| REPORT PREPARER | The organization name related to the Report Preparer. |
| ORGANIZATION NAME | |
| RESEARCH | The non-revenue producing cost center associated with formal research projects funded by donations, grants, contracts, and the |
| | hospital. Includes the administration and management of all research activities (see Operating Expenses for related |
| | information). |
| RESIDENTIAL AND OTHER DAILY | See Type of Care (2). |
| SERVICES | |
| RESTRICTED DONATIONS AND | Donations, grants, or subsidies voluntarily provided for the care of medically indigent patients. Includes discretionary and/or |
| SUBSIDIES FOR INDIGENT CARE | formula tobacco tax funds provided by a county to a non-county hospital for those indigent patients whose care is not the |
| | responsibility of a county (see Gifts & Subsidies for Indigent Care and Deductions from Revenue). |
| REVENUE CENTER GROUP | A group of revenue-producing cost centers, classified as Daily Hospital Services, Ambulatory Services, Ancillary Services, |
| | Purchased Inpatient Services, and Purchased Outpatient Services. See Operating Expenses. |
| SALARIES AND WAGES | The compensation for services performed by an employee payable in cash and the fair market value of service donated to the |
| | hospital by persons performing under an employee relationship. Includes compensation only for actual hours worked |
| | (productive hours), including overtime and "on-call" premiums (see Operating Expenses reported by natural classification of |
| CTAFFED DEDC (AVED ACE) | expense for related information). |
| STAFFED BEDS (AVERAGE) | The average daily complement of beds (excluding nursery bassinets) that are set-up, staffed, and equipped, and in all respects, |
| | ready for use by patients remaining in the hospital overnight. Staffed beds change daily to reflect the average daily census. |
| STREET ADDRESS | The street address where the facility is located. |
| STUDENT FTES | The number of FTE residents and fellows. A student FTE is defined as the number of paid residency/fellowship months divided |
| | by 12. |
| SUPPLIES | The cost of various types of supplies used by the hospital, including medical supplies, drugs, food, and office supplies (see |
| | Operating Expenses reported by natural classification of expense for related information). |
| SURGERIES INPATIENT | The number of inpatient surgeries performed during the reporting period. One surgery is counted for each patient undergoing |
| | any number of surgical procedures performed during the same visit, while under general or local anesthesia. |

| TEACHING OR SMALL/RURAL HOSPITAL Indicates if the hospital is classified as a teaching hospital or based primarily on AMA's Graduate Medical Education Direct Section 124840 of the California Health and Safety Code. TECHNICAL AND SPECIALIST Employees included in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and to five or more employees are classified as Management and investments and other assets; and intangible assets. Also e TOTAL CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE Amount of surgical procedures performed during the sar Indicates if the hospital is classified as a teaching hospital or based primarily on AMA's Graduate Medical Education Direct Section 124840 of the California Health and Safety Code. Employees included in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and other assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and other assets; and intangible assets. Also expected to the control of | ra small and rural hospital. Teaching hospitals were identified ctory. The definition for small and rural hospital was obtained from divities of a creative or complex nature, and are often licensed or complex and Accountant. Lead positions that provide direct supervision disconding Supervision (see Productive Hours for related information). Deproperty, plant, and equipment; construction-in-progress; quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
|--|---|
| TEACHING OR SMALL/RURAL HOSPITAL Indicates if the hospital is classified as a teaching hospital or based primarily on AMA's Graduate Medical Education Direct Section 124840 of the California Health and Safety Code. TECHNICAL AND SPECIALIST Employees included in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technical to five or more employees are classified as Management and TOTAL ASSETS The sum of current assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technical to five or more employees are classified as Management and other assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technical to five or more employees are classified as Management and other assets; and intangible assets. Also expected the control of the California Health and Safety Code. TOTAL CAPITATION PREMIUM See Capitation Premium Revenue. | ra small and rural hospital. Teaching hospitals were identified ctory. The definition for small and rural hospital was obtained from divities of a creative or complex nature, and are often licensed or complex and Accountant. Lead positions that provide direct supervision disconding Supervision (see Productive Hours for related information). Deproperty, plant, and equipment; construction-in-progress; quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| HOSPITAL based primarily on AMA's Graduate Medical Education Direct Section 124840 of the California Health and Safety Code. TECHNICAL AND SPECIALIST Employees included in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and TOTAL ASSETS The sum of current assets; assets whose use is limited; net prince investments and other assets; and intangible assets. Also estering the Capitation Premium Revenue. See Capitation Premium Revenue. | ctory. The definition for small and rural hospital was obtained from ivities of a creative or complex nature, and are often licensed or itan, and Accountant. Lead positions that provide direct supervision d Supervision (see Productive Hours for related information). Droperty, plant, and equipment; construction-in-progress; quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| Section 124840 of the California Health and Safety Code. TECHNICAL AND SPECIALIST Employees included in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and to five or more employees are classified as Management and investments and other assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and investments and other assets; and intangible assets. Also expected to the control of the con | ivities of a creative or complex nature, and are often licensed or cian, and Accountant. Lead positions that provide direct supervision d Supervision (see Productive Hours for related information). property, plant, and equipment; construction-in-progress; quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| TECHNICAL AND SPECIALIST Employees included in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and TOTAL ASSETS The sum of current assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided in this classification usually perform active registered. | cian, and Accountant. Lead positions that provide direct supervision d Supervision (see Productive Hours for related information). Droperty, plant, and equipment; construction-in-progress; quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| registered. Includes such job titles as Technologist, Technic to five or more employees are classified as Management and TOTAL ASSETS The sum of current assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided investments and other assets; and intangible assets. Also established to five or more employees are classified as Management and the sum of current assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided investments and other assets; and intangible assets. Also established to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; and intangible assets. Also established to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; and intangible assets. Also established to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; and intangible assets. Also established to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets; and intangible assets. Also established to five or more employees are classified as Management and investment assets. | cian, and Accountant. Lead positions that provide direct supervision d Supervision (see Productive Hours for related information). Droperty, plant, and equipment; construction-in-progress; quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| TOTAL ASSETS The sum of current assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided investments and other assets; and intangible assets. Also established TOTAL CAPITATION PREMIUM REVENUE Total Capitation Premium Revenue. | d Supervision (see Productive Hours for related information). property, plant, and equipment; construction-in-progress; quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| TOTAL ASSETS The sum of current assets; assets whose use is limited; net provided investments and other assets; and intangible assets. Also e See Capitation Premium Revenue. See Capitation Premium Revenue. | property, plant, and equipment; construction-in-progress; quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| investments and other assets; and intangible assets. Also e TOTAL CAPITATION PREMIUM See Capitation Premium Revenue. | quals Total Liabilities and Equity. debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| TOTAL CAPITATION PREMIUM See Capitation Premium Revenue. REVENUE | debt, and equity. Also equals Total Assets. |
| REVENUE | |
| | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FOLLITY. The sum of current liabilities, deferred credits, not long term | |
| | |
| | rm debt as of the report period end date. This includes mortgages |
| | pitalized lease obligations, bonds payable, long-term intercompany |
| payables, and other non-current liabilities. | |
| TOTAL NON-PRODUCTIVE HOURS Total paid time-off hours, such as vacation, sick leave, and h Excludes "on-call" hours. | noliday pay. Includes operating and non-operating cost centers. |
| | producing cost centers for providing patient care at the hospital. |
| · · · · · · | es, and provisions for bad debts (see Operating Expenses for |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | es, and provisions for bad debts (see Operating Expenses for |
| related information). TOTAL PAID HOURS See Paid Hours. | |
| TOTAL PRODUCTIVE HOURS See Productive Hours. | |
| | ments, leasehold improvements, and equipment used in hospital |
| EQUIPMENT (PPE) The cost of land, land improvements, buildings and improvements operations before accumulated depreciation has been subtra | |
| | in one of four categories: General - hospitals which provide general |
| | ren; Psychiatric - hospitals which emphasize psychiatric care; and |
| Specialty - specialty hospitals, such as chemical dependent | |
| Specialty - specialty hospitals, such as chemical dependent | y recovery nospitals and renabilitation nospitals. |
| TYPE OF CARE (2) Indicates all types of care provided at the hospital in six cate | gories: Acute Care - the daily hospital service cost centers related |
| to the provision of general acute care, such as Medical/Surg | ical Acute, Obstetrics Acute, Definitive Observation, |
| Medical/Surgical Intensive Care, and Coronary Care; Psych | iatric Care - the daily hospital service cost centers related to the |
| provision of psychiatric care, including Psychiatric Acute - Ac | dult and Psychiatric Intensive (Isolation) Care; Chemical |
| Dependency Care - the daily hospital service cost center re | , , , , , |
| | related to the provision of physical rehabilitation; Long-Term Care |
| l | of long-term care services, such as, Sub-Acute Care, Skilled |
| Nursing Care, and Intermediate Care; Residential Care and | |
| related to the provision of all other services, such as Resider | TUTDEL LIANV SELVICES - TOE DANV DOSDITAL SELVICE COST CENTERS |

| Data Item | Definition |
|----------------------------|--|
| TYPE OF CONTROL | Denotes the type of ownership and/or legal organization of a hospital licensee. The following five types of control are reported; District - includes District hospitals; County/City - includes hospitals operated by a County, County/City or City; Investor - includes hospitals operated by an Investor-Individual, Investor-Partnership, or Investor-Corporation; Non Profit - includes hospitals operated by a Church, Non-Profit Corporation, or Non-Profit Other; and State - includes State hospitals. |
| TYPE OF HOSPITAL | Indicates if a hospital's report contains comparable data, or if the data are considered non-comparable due to reporting modifications granted by OSHPD or the hospital's unique operating characteristics. There are six types of hospitals: Comparable - Includes hospitals whose data and operating characteristics are comparable with other hospitals; Kaiser - Includes hospitals operated by Kaiser Hospital Foundation, Also includes the two regional Kaiser organization entities, which report consolidated financial data for all the hospitals in the regions; LTC Emphasis - Includes large hospitals which emphasize long-term care (LTC) services; PHF - Includes hospitals licensed as Psychiatric Healthy Facilities, which provide mental health services; Other Noncomparable - Includes hospitals with unique operating characteristics, such as Shriner's Hospitals for Crippled Children which do not charge for services provided, and those hospitals which filed modified reports (Pages 0 through 9); State - Includes State hospitals, which provide care to the mentally disordered and developmentally disabled. |
| UNASSIGNED COSTS | The non-revenue producing cost centers which cannot be assigned to a particular functional cost center, including Depreciation and Amortization (buildings), Leases and Rentals (Buildings), and Interest-Other. |
| UNRESTRICTED CONTRIBUTIONS | |